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UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND FINAL EXAMINATION PAPER

PROGRAMME: BSC AGRON. II BSC ANI. SC. II BSC ANI. SC. (DAIRY) II

COURSE CODE: ABE208 / ABE 210

TITLE OF PAPER: PRINCIPLES OF FARM MECHANISATION

TIME ALLOWED: TWO (2) HOURS

SPECIAL MATERIAL REQUIRED: NONE

INSTRUCTIONS: ANSWER QUESTION ONE AND ANY TWO OTHER QUESTIONS.

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SECTION I COMPULSORY

QUESTION 1

Table 1 shows common transmission elements used in agricultural a) machinery. Name the elements and give one example of a farmequipment where you have seen each of them. [10 marks]

Table 1 transmission elements used in agricultural machinery.

	Drive	Name	Example of application
1			
2			
3			
4	CE Co		
5			

Explain why chains and sprockets are the preferred power b) transmission units in planters. [8 marks]

- The two processes of selecting draught animal power are elimination c) and judging.
 - Distinguish between elimination and judging. i. [4 marks] ii.
 - What factors are considered during judging? [6 marks]
- Discuss the influence of farm equipment on the seed germination and d) seedling emergency [12 marks]

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SECTION HANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS

QUESTION 2

a) Distinguish between active solar and passive solar as applied in renewable energy agricultural applications. [6 marks]

State an example each for active and passive solar use in Swaziland. [4 marks]

b) Figure 1 shows the measurements that are usually taken from a draught animal to determine its mass. If a recommended mass 312 kg and the girth (G) at A is one and half times the length (L) BC, determine the girth and length you expect to measure on the animal.

[Use the equation $mass = \frac{G^2 L}{10816}$, where the G and L are in cm] [10 marks]



Figure 1 Measurements used to determine mass of an animal.

- c) At what points on a tractor can farm machinery be attached? [6 marks]
- d) Name features that are used to identify a four wheel drive tractor. [4 marks]

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QUESTION 3

c)

d)

- a) What tillage processes are necessary for proper preparation of the soil throughout the crop life? [8 marks]
- b) A farmer applies the required fertilizers, irrigation, etc. but still the crop remains stunted as shown in Figure 2.



Figure 2 Stunted field crops

i. 	Describe the possible cause of stunting	[6 marks]
11.	Suggest the possible mechanisation activity that may rectify.	
iii.	What is the effect of the activity on the soil?	[3 marks]
	what is the effect of the activity on the soll?	[3 marks]
Why	is it necessary to perform secondary tillage in a field?	[4 marks]
Disti	nguish between harrowing and cultivation	[6 marks]

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QUESTION 4

- a) What are the differences between broadcasting, drilling and precision planting? [6 marks]
- b) Discuss the preference of mouldboard ploughs over disc ploughs by small scale farmers in Swaziland. [10 marks]
- c) Figure 3 shows a two stage gear reduction system for a forage harvester.





A two stage gearbox

(1)		[4 marks]
(ii)	What is the gear ratio of the gearbox?	[6 marks]

(iii) What is the speed of the output shaft? [4 marks]