# UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND <br> DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCE <br> <br> SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION PAPER 

 <br> <br> SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION PAPER}

JULY 2013
ACADEMIC YEAR 2012/2013
\(\left.\begin{array}{lll}PROGRAMME OF STUDY \& : \& Bachelor of Commerce <br>

YEAR OF STUDY \& : \& Year 3 (Full Time)\end{array}\right]\)| TITLE OF THE PAPER | $:$ | Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| COURSE CODE | $:$ | AC 321 (S) |
| TIME ALLOWED | $:$ | Three (3) Hours |
| INSTRUCTIONS | 1 | There are FOUR (4) questions, ANSWER ALL. |
|  | 2 | Begin the solution to each question on a <br> new page. |
|  | 3 | The marks awarded for a question are <br> indicated at the end of each question. |
|  | 4 | Show your necessary workings. |

NOTE: You are reminded that in assessing your work, account will be taken of accuracy of the language and the general quality of expression, together with layout and presentation of your answer.

THIS PAPER IS NOT TO BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR / SUPERVISOR.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENT: FINANCIAL CALCULATOR

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## QUESTION 1

(a) In Figure 2.4 look at the Treasury bond maturing in February 2015.
(i) How much would you have to pay to purchase one of these bonds?
(ii) If you already owned the bond, how much would a bond dealer pay you for it?
(iii) By how much did the price change from the previous day?
(iv) What annual interest payment does the bond make?
(v) What is the bond's yield to maturity?
(5 marks)
(b) A Swaziland Government bond with a E100 par value has a fixed coupon rate of $10 \%$ per year; coupon interest is payable semi-annually and the maturity date is the end of October 2015. Assume the current date is November 1, 2011. The current market yield (yield to maturity) on similar securities is $8 \%$ per year ( $4 \%$ per half-year).
(i) What is the value of this Swaziland Government security?
(ii) Is the bond trading at a premium or discount?
(iii) What would be the value of the bond if market interest rates rise to $12 \%$ ?
(iv) Is the bond trading at a premium or discount?
(c) Nkosingiphile Simelane recently purchased a bond with a E1,000 face value, a $10 \%$ coupon rate, and four years to maturity. The bond makes annual interest payments, the first to be received one year from today. Nkosingiphile paid E1,032.40 for the bond.
(i) What is the bond's yield-to-maturity?
(3 marks)
(ii) If the bond can be called two years from now at a price of E1,100, what is its yield-to-call?
(3 marks)
(d) Sithembiso Ndlovu is considering investing in a bond currently selling for E8,785.07. The bond has four years to maturity, a E10,000 face value, and a $8 \%$ coupon rate. The next annual interest payment is due one year from today. The approximate discount factor for investments of similar risk is $10 \%$.
(i) Calculate the intrinsic value of the bond. Based on this calculation, should Sithembiso purchase the bond?
( 5 marks)
(ii) Calculate the YTM of the bond. Based on this calculation, should Sithembiso purchase the bond?
(5 marks)
(Question 1 - Total marks : 31)

## QUESTION 2

Questions (a) - (c) are based on Table 14.1, use it to answer these questions:
(a) (i) Suppose you buy 50 January 30 call contracts, how much do these contracts cost you?
(ii) Suppose AAPL has risen to $\$ 50$ per share, would you exercise the option?
(3 marks)
(iii) Is the call option in the money or out of the money?
(2 marks)
(iv) What is the value of your options?
(v) How much is your net profit/loss?
(b) (i) Suppose you want the right to sell 100 shares of AAPL for $\$ 30$ anytime up until the third Friday in July. What should you tell your broker?
(2 marks)
(ii) How much will it cost you?
(2 marks)
(c) (i) Suppose you buy 10 AAPL January 32.50 put contracts. How much does this cost you (ignoring commissions)?
(2 marks)
(ii) Just before the option expires, AAPL is selling for $\$ 22.50$ per share. Is this good news or bad news?
(2 marks)
(iii) What is your net profit?
(2 marks)
(Question 2 - Total marks : 21)

## QUESTION 3

(a) If the risk-free rate is 6 percent and the expected rate of return on the market portfolio is 13 percent, is a security with a beta of 1.25 and an expected rate of return of 16 percent overpriced or underpriced?
(b) A mutual fund manager expects her portfolio to earn a rate of return of 11 percent this year.

The beta of her portfolio is 0.8 . If the rate of return available on risk-free assets is 4 percent and you expect the rate of return on the market portfolio to be 14 percent, should you invest in this mutual fund?
(3 marks)
(c) Figure 11-10 shows plots of monthly rates of return on three stocks'versus the stock market index. The beta and standard deviation of each stock is given besides its plot.
(i) Which stock is safest for a diversified investor?
(ii) Which stock is safest for an undiversified investor who puts all her funds in one of these stocks?
(1 mark)
(iii) Consider a portfolio with equal investments in each stock. What would this portfolio's beta have been?
(2 marks)
(iv) Consider a well-diversified portfolio made up of stocks with the same beta as Microsoft. What are the beta and standard deviation of this portfolio's return? The standard deviation of the market portfolio's return is 20 percent.
(4 marks)
(v) What is the expected rate of return on each stock? Use the capital asset pricing model with a market risk premium of 8 percent. The risk-free rate of interest is 4 percent.
(3 marks)
(Question 3 - Total marks : 17)

## QUESTION 4

(a) When estimating the spread of possible outcomes from investing in the stock market, most financial analysts start by assuming that the spread of returns in the past is a reasonable indication of what could happen in the future. Therefore, they calculate the standard deviation of past returns.

A share of stock of Maziya Incorporated is now selling for E94.00. A financial analyst summarises the uncertainity about next year's holding-period return on the stock by specifying three possible scenarios:

| Business <br> conditions | Scenarios, $\boldsymbol{s}$ | Probability, $\boldsymbol{p}$ | End-of-year <br> Price | Annual <br> Dividend |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High growth | 1 | 0.25 | E140 | E17.60 |
| Normal growth | 2 | 0.50 | E108 | E16.00 |
| No growth | 3 | 0.25 | E60 | E16.00 |

(i) What are the annual holding-period returns of Maziya Incorporated stock for each of the three scenarios?
(3 marks)
(ii) Calculate the expected HPR and the standard deviation of the HPR.
(b) Consider the following scenario analysis:

| Scenario | Probability | Rate of Return on <br> Stocks | Rate of Return on <br> Bonds |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Recession | 0.20 | $-5 \%$ | $+14 \%$ |
| Normal economy | 0.60 | $+15 \%$ | $+8 \%$ |
| Boom | 0.20 | $+25 \%$ | $+4 \%$ |

(i) Is it reasonable to assume that Treasury bonds will provide higher returns in recessions than in booms?
(2 marks)
(ii) Calculate the expected rate of return and standard deviation for each investment. ( $\mathbf{1 0}$ marks)
(iii) Suppose you invest 75 percent in stocks and 25 percent in bonds, what is the portfolio expected rate of return? What can you conclude?
(3 marks)
(iv) What are the covariance and correlation coefficient between the rates of return on the two portfolios? What can you conclude about each one?
(v) What is the portfolio's standard deviation? What can you conclude?





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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jun | 27.50 | 3.21 | 68 | 10283 |  |  | 3618 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct | 27.50 | 4.70 | 39 | 5104 | 1.25 | 10 | 3908 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jun | 30.00 | 0.85 | 1549 | 7662 | 0.15 | 1406 | 2417 |





 $\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Jan } & 35.00 & 1.85 & 100 & 10693 & \ldots & \ldots & 292\end{array}$

Inderlying stock price represents listed exchange price only. It may not match the composite closing price.
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