AC 213/IDE AC 213 (M) 2014

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UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTING

MAIN EXAMINATION PAPER 2014

COURSE TITLE

PRINCIPLES OF FINANCE

COURSE CODE

AC 213/IDE AC 213

DEGREE/DIPLOMA :

DIPLOMA

TIME ALLOWED

THREE (3) HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

1. TOTAL NUMBER OF QUESTIONS ON THE PAPER: FOUR (4)

2. ATTEMPT ALL FOUR (4) QUESTIONS

3. THE MARKS AWARDED FOR A QUESTION ARE INDICATED AT THE END OF EACH QUESTION

4. WHERE APPLICABLE, ALL WORKINGS ARE TO BE SHOWN

5. CALCULATIONS ARE TO BE MADE TO TWO DECIMAL PLACES OF ACCURACY, UNLESS OTHERWISE INSTRUCTED.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

NONE

NOTE

YOU ARE REMINDED THAT IN ASSESSING YOUR WORK,
ACCOUNT WILL BE TAKEN OF THE ACCURACY OF

LANGUAGE, THE GENERAL QUALITY OF EPRESSION, TOGETHER WITH THE LAYOUT AND PRESENTATION OF

YOUR FINAL ANSWER.

THIS QUESITON PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR.

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QUESTION 1

Discuss, and provide examples of, the types of non-financial, ethical and environmental issues that might influence the objectives of companies. Consider the impact of these non-financial, ethical and environmental issues on the achievement of primary financial objectives such as the maximization of shareholder wealth.

TOTAL: (25 MARKS)

QUESTION 2

The Management of Skobho Ltd a distribution company operating in the frozen food sector, has provided summary of statement of comprehensive income and statement of financial position for the last three years as follows:

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	2014 E000	2013 E000	2012 E000	Explanatory notes
Turnover	3,600	2,200	1,800	1
Cost of sales	<u>(3,060)</u>	(1,760)	(1,476)2	
	540	440	324	
Expenses:				
Depreciation	(180)	(150)*	(90)	
Marketing	(60)	(30)	(20)	
Administration	(54)	(54)	(42)	
Interest	(30)	(30)	<u>(10)</u>	
Profit before taxation	216	176	162	
Taxation	<u>(54)</u>	(50)	<u>(40)</u>	
Profit after taxation	162	126	122	
Dividends	<u>(60)</u>	<u>(40)</u>	<u>(36)</u>	
Retained profit for				
the financial year	102	86	86	
	===	===	===	

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	2014	2013	2012	
	E000	E000	E000	
Non-current assets at net book value	1,900	1,100	800	
Current assets:				
Stocks	280	190	170	
Debtors	480	200	180	3
Bank and cash	560	390	270	
Creditors, less than one year:				
Trade creditors	(315)	(190)	(230)	3
Other creditors	(343)	(130)	(80)	
Creditors, more than one year:				
Debenture loans	<u>(254)</u>	<u>(254)</u>	<u>(90)</u>	
	2,308	1,306	1,020	
	== =	=====	=====	
E1 ordinary shares, fully paid	1,400	750	600	4

	= = = = =		====
: 	2,308	1,306	1,020
Retained profits	<u>508</u>	<u>406</u>	<u>320</u>
Share premium	400	150	100

Explanatory notes

- 1. Analysis of sales revealed that on average 80% were made on a credit basis in each of the years.
- 2. A breakdown of cost of sales for each of the years showed the following:

	2014	2013	2012
	E000	E000	E000
Opening stock	190	170	150
 Purchases 	3,150	1,780	1,490
Closing stock	(280)	<u>(190)</u>	<u>(170)</u>
	3,060	1,760	1,476
	====	====	=====

- Purchases were all made on credit.
- 3. Closing debtors' and creditors' figures may be taken as representative of the averages for each of the years in question.
- 4. The market price of the shares at each of the statement of financial position dates established at:

2014	2013	2012
E1.82	E1.30	E1.10

- a) Select and show the basis of calculation of three ratios for each of the following aspects of Skobho Ltd's performance.
 - i. Profitability
 - ii. Liquidity

And for each year calculate the ratios selected

b) Prepare a report that utilizes the ratios you have calculated in (a) to analyse the profitability and liquidity of Skobho over the three-year period.

TOTAL (25 MARKS)

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QUESTION 3

(a) Edden is a medium-sized company producing a range of engineering products, which it sells to wholesale distributors. Recently, its sales have begun to rise rapidly due to economic recovery. However, it is concerned about its liquidity position and is looking at ways of improving cash flow.

Its sales are E16 million pa, and average receivables are E3.3 million (representing about 75 days of sales).

One way of speeding up collection from receivables is to use a factor. The factor will operate on a service-only basis, administering and collecting payment from Edden's customers. This is expected to generate administrative savings of E100,000 each year.

The factor has undertaken to pay outstanding debts after 45 days, regardless of whether the customers have actually paid or not. The factor will make a service charge of 1.75% of Edden's turnover. Edden can borrow at an interest rate of 8% pa.

(15 MARKS)

(b) Khosi's company has sales of E20 million for the previous year, receivables at the year-end were \$4 million, and the cost of financing receivables is covered by an overdraft at the interest rate of 12% pa.

Required:

- i) Calculate the receivables days for Khosi
- ii) Calculate the annual cost of financing receivables

(10 MARKS)

TOTAL: (25 MARKS)

QUESTION 4

a) Financial Management is premised on three key decision areas. Discuss these.

(10 MARKS)

- b) Within a Financial Management context an inherent conflicts of interest exist with the following stakeholder groups:
 - i) Shareholders and Finance providers
 - ii) Government and Shareholders
 - iii) Employees and Shareholders
 - iv) Shareholders and Managers
 - v) Customers and Shareholders

Discuss the potential conflict of interests with each one of the stakeholder groups above.

(15 MARKS)

TOTAL: (25 MARKS)