

UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

FACULTY OF COMMERCE

DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

MAIN EXAMINATION PAPER

MAY, 2009

(FULL TIME / IDE STUDENTS).

TITLE OF PAPER : RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

COURSE CODE : COM 400

TIME ALLOWED : THREE (3) HOURS

TOTAL MARKS : 100 MARKS

- INSTRUCTIONS :**
- (1) TOTAL NUMBER OF QUESTIONS IN THIS PAPER IS SIX (6)
 - (2) THE PAPER CONSISTS OF SECTION A AND SECTION B.
 - (3) ANSWER THE QUESTION IN SECTION A WHICH IS COMPULSORY AND ANY THREE (3) QUESTIONS IN SECTION B.
 - (4) THE MARKS ALLOCATED FOR A QUESTION / PART OF A QUESTION ARE INDICATED AT THE END OF EACH QUESTION / PART OF QUESTION.
 - (5) WHERE APPLICABLE, ALL WORKINGS / CALCULATIONS MUST BE CLEARLY SHOWN.

NOTE: MAXIMUM MARKS WILL BE AWARDED FOR GOOD QUALITY LAYOUT, ACCURACY, AND PRESENTATION OF WORK.

THIS PAPER MUST NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR.

SECTION A (COMPULSORY)

Q1. "We can teach methods of analysis, yet any extensive research requires something equally important: an organization or synthesis which provides the essential structure into which the pieces of analysis fit". Examine this statement and show **practically** how a good research report may be prepared. You must be detail in your discussions as well as examples you may be given to earn good mark. (40marks).

SECTION B (ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS).

Q2. Kruskal-Wallis Test is a general version of the Mann-Whitney test. Given that:

$$H = \frac{12}{N(N+1)} \sum_{j=1}^k \frac{T_j^2}{n_j} - 3(N+1)$$

Where, T_j = sum of ranks in column j ; n_j = number of cases in j th sample;
 $N = \sum w_j$ = total number of cases; k = number of samples.

and
$$C = 1 - \left\{ \frac{\sum_i^G (t_i^3 - t_i)}{N^3 - N} \right\}$$

where G = number of sets of tied observation; and t_i = number tied in any set i .

Also, $H' = H/C$, and $d.f. = k - 1$. Given the following price differentials data:

<u>One Lilangeni</u>		<u>Three Emalangeni</u>		<u>Five Emalangeni</u>	
X_A	Rank	X_B	Rank	X_C	Rank
6	1	8	5	9	8.5
7	2.5	9	8.5	9	8.5
8	5	8	5	11	14
7	2.5	10	11.5	10	11.5
9	8.5	11	14	14	18
11	14	13	16.5	13	16.5

Calculate the value of total T_j , H , C , H' , and $d.f.$ (20marks).

- Q3.** Develop the management-research question hierarchy for a management dilemma you face at work or with an organization for which you volunteer. (20marks).
- Q4.** Evaluate Lincoln and Guba's alternative criteria for the evaluation of qualitative research. (20marks).
- Q5** (a). Explain the meaning and significance of the concept of *Standard Error* in sampling analysis. (10marks).
- (b). Discuss the *properties* of a good "*estimator*" in research. (10marks).
- Q6** (a). What is a *cross-sectional research design*? (6marks).
- (b). What are the main points difference between *Computer-assisted qualitative data analysis* (CAQDAS) and quantitative data analysis software like SPSS?(7marks).
- (c). Enumerate the limitations of content analysis. (7marks).