UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND FACULTY OF EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN ADULT EDUCATION I

FINAL EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2014

PAPER TITLE:

HISTORY & PHILOSOPHY OF ADULT EDUCATION

COURSE CODE:

DAE 112

TIME ALLOWED:

THREE (3) HOURS

WEIGHT:

100 MARKS

INSTRUCTIONS:

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN SECTION A AND THREE (3) QUESTIONS IN

SECTION B - FOUR (4) QUESTIONS IN ALL

THIS PAPER MUST NOT BE OPENED UNTIL THE INVIGILATOR HAS GRANTED PERMISSION TO DO SO

Section A

Ins	nstruction: For each question below,	write the letter which	corresponds to	your response							
1.	The humanistic approach/tradition is associated with										
A.	Freud, Jung and Adler	B. Mischell	C. Kelly	D. Maslow & Rogers							
2.	As a way of knowing, 'revelation' draws upon as sources of reference										
A.	A. Bible B. Koran	C. Upanishads	D. Mormon	D. $(A) - (C)$ only							
3.	3. Consistent, logical and systematic thinking in order to arrive at sound and coherent conclusions characterise (or summarise) philosophy in the										
A.	A. Greeko-Roman B. African-Chir	nese C. profession	nal-technical	D. all of these options							
	4. The learner-centred approach to curriculum development is consistent with which philosophy of education?										
A.	A. Materialism B. essentialism	C. ide	alism	D. progressivism							
5. Matter is not wholly real; if anything, it is a subordinate and dependent representation of											
reality. From which philosophic stand-point would this statement be true?											
A.	A. Essentialism B. realism	c. progressivi	ism	d. idealism							
6.	6. "Two (2) contradictory statements cannot both be true at the same time". This proposition										
	aptures										
A.	A. Illogical conclusion B. fals	e reasoning C. rat	ional knowledg	ge D. logic							
A.	Adult education is A. Cultural behaviour B. the practice of teaching adults C. the art & science of telping adults learn D. radio programmes with no specific listening groups E. none of these										
8.	3. Ethics or moral philosophy involv	Ethics or moral philosophy involves									
	A. feelings of guilt/shame or prid	e B.	B. knowing what is right and wrong								
	C. behaving in accordance with n	all of these statements [are correct]									
9.	Investigating rules for determining whether one has arrived at truth, opinion/falsehood is										

	A. Ethics		B. logic	C. n	netaphysics	.]	D. epistem	ology		
	10. The corresponding philosophy to the 'back to basics' curriculum approach is:									
	A. Pragma	atism	B. Essentiali	sm C. P	Perennialism	D.	Reconstruc	tionism		
	11. The twentieth-century American educator who developed the philosophy of pragmatism									
	was: A. John I	Dewey		B. In	mmanuel Ka	nt ·				
	C. Jean-Jacques Rousseau			D. Johann Heinrich Pestalozzi						
	12 Action without philosophical reflection (thinking) leads to:									
	A. lazines	3	B. idealism	C. mind	less activism	D.	all of these	options		
	13. The following are characteristics of the scientific method of acquiring knowledge except									
	A. Definition of the problem in clear terms B. Development of hypotheses (propositions							sitions)		
	C. Analysis of	data collecte	1	D. Verifica	tion of hypot	theses, us	sing expert	opinion		
	14 During most of the twentieth century, the term education has been used to describe									
	ideas and practices that aim to make 'schools' more effective agencies of a democratic society A.									
	Behaviourist	B. progressi	ve	C. liberal a	nd	D. 1	humanistic			
.*	15 The aim of	f the education	onal theory of v	which the	***********	. traditio	n was a cor	nponent		
	was to produce	e the 'gentlen	nan scholar, the	cultured gent	tleman fit for	r the dem	nands of citi	zenship		
	in the	new w	orld of	commerce	and	the	worldly	courts		
	A. Behaviouri	ist	B. humanist	ic	C. liberal		D. prog	gressive		
	16 Adult education philosophy is the "application of philosophy" and its (inquiry) methods to									
• .	adult education problems, including:									
	A. Course rep	etition	B. drop-out	C. una	ccredited lea	rning	D. (B)	and (C)		
	17"Education is manipulated; education is not neutral and education is enslaving". All these are									
	A. Liberal ide	eas B. h	umanistic ideas	C. p	progressive id	leas	D. none	of these		



20. Which philosophic tradition does Figure 1 (The Picture of the Day) on the left illustrate?

A. Liberal

B. humanistic

C. Progressive

D. behaviourist

 $[20 \times 2 = 40 \text{ marks}]$

Section B

Question 1

(a) Explain what you understand by 'education' philosophy

[4 marks]

(b) State two (2) 'types' of knowledge and describe how the knowledge is acquired in each type

 $[2 \times 8 = 16 \text{ marks}]$

[Total = 20 marks]

Question 2

(a) What do you understand by 'indigenous' education?

[5 marks]

(b) Explain what you consider to be two (2) main strengths and one (1) main weakness of traditional African education. Support your answer with relevant examples $[3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks}]$

Question 3

Write short notes on people and/or practices associated with

- (a) Behaviourist education
- (b) Progressive education

 $[2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}]$

Question 4

Write a brief account of the 'institutional' dimension and the 'morphological' dimension of adult education $[2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}]$

End of Question Paper