

UNIVERSITY OF ESWATINI
INSTITUTE OF DISTANCE EDUCATION
CERTIFICATE IN PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT
FIRST SEMESTER MAIN EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2019

TITLE OF PAPER: PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH 1

COURSE CODE: IDE-CAE117

TIME ALLOWED: TWO (2) HOURS

- INSTRUCTIONS:**
1. This paper has THREE (3) questions.
 2. Answer ALL questions.
 3. Begin each question on a fresh page
 4. Write your Student Number and Course Code & Course Name clearly on your answer script.
 5. Present your work neatly, ensuring that your handwriting is readable.

This paper should not be opened until permission has been granted by the invigilator.

Question 1

Read the following passage, and then answer the given questions about it.

1. Beware of the man who says he is never frightened! If I were to choose a party to climb a different mountain, or in war-time for a patrol behind the enemy's lines, the last person I should include would be the one who claims he is incapable of being afraid.
2. Personally, I love doing dangerous things, but I am very easily frightened, and dislike being frightened. I have always gone out of my way to do adventurous things in order to drive out fear and develop confidence in my ability to overcome my lack of courage. I am sure you too have experience fear in life. And you can also develop and increase your stock of courage by experiencing fear and learning to overcome it.
3. Never shall I forget how petrified I was when faced with a microphone for the first time. As the studio light went from red to green, and I knew that thousands of people were listening to me, (at any rate at the beginning of my talk). I could feel my heart pounding so loudly in my throat that it seemed quite impossible there would be room for any voice to come through! And yet it did! I had won that battle.
4. Similarly, in the Liberator Bomber over Malaya, where once again I was waiting for the red light to go green, how terrified I was, but the parachute really opened, and no one shot at me as I came down, and I really enjoyed it, (at any rate in retrospect), and once more fear had been routed.
5. But, in the two examples I have given you, the real terror was in anticipation. More often the testing time comes upon you without giving you freedom of choice or time for anticipation. And there is just nothing you can do about it.
6. I remember when a friend and I were sledging down the coast of east Greenland in winter; the Arctic sea was from over a depth of several feet. Because the coastline was very steep and rocky, it was impossible to sledge along the land.

So we drove our dog sledges over the frozen sea. That evening a heavy storm suddenly broke out. And we had no alternative but to camp where we were. After settling down in our tents, resting and keeping away from the heavy storm, we became aware that something was happening. Above the noise of the storm, we heard another rendering noise, accompanied by a quivering beneath us, and we realised that the ice was breaking up. Soon a crack appeared right across the floor of the tent, and we could hear the seawater gurgling between the edges of the two floes. At last the wind died down, and at dawn, we discovered that we were still attached to land, though the open sea was now only a distance from our tent. The worst of that experience was that we could not just do anything about it. We just had to wait and wait, getting more and more frightened. All we could do was to try to divert our thoughts to something else.

[20 marks]

Questions

- a) In your own words say what the author thinks of a man who says he is never afraid. Use one sentence only. (1)
- b) Quote an expression of six words from the passage which explains why the author often did dangerous things. (1)
- c) What was the author doing with a microphone (in line 2)? (1)
- d) In Paragraph 3, the author wrote 'I had won the battle'. Who was the enemy? (1)
- e) Which words does the author use to link the fourth paragraph with the preceding one? Write only the linking words. (1)
- f) 'The real terror had been in anticipation'. (paragraph 5). Explain in your own words what the author means. (1)
- g) Why did the author and his friend go over the sea-ice? (1)
- h) Write a list of five examples from the passage of situations in which fear was or may be experienced. Each example should be a complete sentence. (5)
- i) In about 100 words, describe at least three situations in which you are sometimes afraid or in which you also experienced fear. (8)

Question 2

[20 marks]

Write numbers 1 to 20 in your answer booklet. Then, against each number, write **one word** which can be used to complete the expression or sentence.

When you have a toothache, and cannot ____ (1) ____ to a dentist immediately, keep cool. Researchers in Canada have ____ (2) ____ that rubbing ____ (3) ____ cubes on certain parts of the hand will ____ (4) ____ the pain. Get some ice ____ (5) ____ and wrap them in thin cloth. Rub the person's ____ (6) ____ between ____ (8) ____ thumb and ____ (9) ____ finger. Do ____ (10) ____ until the area feels numb. You will then ____ (11) ____ that the ____ (12) ____ from the toothache is reduced by at least fifty ____ (13) ____ cent.

This method was ____ (14) ____ by a doctor at Montreal General Hospital. The doctor ____ (14) ____ outpatients who were attending the dental clinic. About forty people were chosen ____ (15) ____ random. They were ____ (16) ____ waiting to see a dentist. The patients were ____ (17) ____ how to massage their hands with ice cubes. Although they ____ (18) ____ doubtful at first, they soon ____ (19) ____ that the treatment was successful and ____ (20) ____ the pain from the toothache.

Question 3

[10 marks]

State whether each of the following sentences is a simple sentence, compound sentence, complex sentence or compound-complex sentence.

a) The child was very sick, so I rushed her to the doctor.

b) I was very happy when this student passed because she was very ill when she wrote the examination.

- c) We travelled by bus from Swaziland although we had an option to travel by air, but the weather was so bad we had no choice.
- d) Not only did she deceive the husband about her trip, she also demanded a lot of money from him.
- e) Unless pollution is controlled, skies will become more smoggy, and cities will be dirtier.
- f) If travellers wish to cross our country, they may do so by train, but the trip will have last less than a day.
- g) The demand of food in the country has been doubling nearly every ten years.
- h) Sun, wind and water are renewable energy sources, and they do not cause pollution.
- i) Air, plastic, paper, wool and cork are insulating materials.
- j) Energy sources have been classified as renewable and non-renewable; a renewable energy source can never be depleted.