UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND FACULTY OF EDUCATION



DEPARTMENT OF CURRICULUM & TEACHING

FINAL EXAMINATION PAPER, MAY 2015

TITLE OF PAPER:

CURRICULUM STUDIES IN AFRICAN

LANGUAGES

COURSE CODE

EDC 632

STUDENTS

MASTER OF EDUCATION (PART TIME) YEAR II

TIME ALLOWED

THREE (3) HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

1. ANSWER QUESTION ONE (1) AND ANY

OTHER TWO (2) QUESTIONS.

2. ALL ANSWERS MUST BE WRITTEN IN

CONTINUOUS ESSAY FORM.

<u>Question 1</u>(This question is compulsory and must be answered by all candidates)

From your readings discuss the concept of code-switching and its use in education particularly within the classroom setting, pointing out both its merits and demerits. [40 Marks]

Question 2

Discuss the problems faced by oral literature as an area of study in Africa. Using specific examples, critically examine solutions suggested by Sone(2008) and Finnegan(2003) [30 Marks]

Question 3

Obanya (1991) in a review of literature on African languages and education identified eight distinct areas of concern (which he calls fallacies) that militate against the promotion of African languages in education. Select <u>five</u> and discuss how they apply to specific situations in Swaziland. [30 Marks]

Question 4

Sone (2008) argues very strongly for the inclusion of oral traditional literature in the school syllabus at all levels of schooling. Outline Sone's arguments using relevant illustrations and state your own position with regard to the functions of oral literature. [30 Marks]

Question 5

Compared to teachers of the other subjects on the school curriculum, the siSwati teacher faces a bigger challenge of motivating and convincing pupils that siSwati is a worthwhile language to be learnt as a curriculum subject. Discuss both the enabling factors and the challenges faced by siSwati teachers in Swaziland. [30 Marks]

END OF PAPER