

UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

RESIT EXAMINATION PAPER: JULY 2018

B.A. DEGREE

TITLE OF PAPER: MORPHOLOGY AND SYNTAX

COURSE NUMBER: ALL104 (Full Time)

TIME ALLOWED: THREE (3) HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. ANSWER FOUR (4) QUESTIONS IN ALL.
2. CHOOSE TWO (2) QUESTIONS FROM SECTION A.
3. CHOOSE TWO (2) QUESTIONS FROM SECTION B.

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SECTION A

Choose two (2) questions from this section.

Question 1

- (i) Define grammatical relations.
- (ii) Give one (1) example of a sentence with two (2) grammatical relations in any language.
- (iii) Name the grammatical relations of the sentence that you give in (ii).
- (iv) Draw a complete phrase structure tree for the sentence you give in (ii).
- (v) Show how the grammatical relations you name in (iii) are defined in terms of the phrase structure tree you drew in (iv). [25 marks]

Question 2

- (i) Give one (1) example of a sentence in English that has at least two (2) NPs and two (2) PPs.
- (ii) Draw a complete phrase structure tree for the sentence that you give in (i).
- (iii) Use the tree that you draw in (ii) to identify one (1) example of each of the following:
 - a) domination
 - b) indirect domination
 - c) sisters[25 marks]

Question 3

Define each one of the following terms. Give one (1) example of each term from any language of your choice.

- 1) Cleft test
- 2) Functional category
- 3) Passive
- 4) Language innateness
- 5) Syntactic ambiguity

[25 marks]

SECTION B

Choose two (2) questions from this section.

Question 4

- (i) Define morphology.
- (ii) What is the difference between morphology and syntax?
- (iii) What is the difference between free and bound morphemes? Give one (1) example of each of these morpheme types from any language other than English.
- (iv) What is the difference between simple and complex words? Give one (1) example of each of these word types from any language other than English. [25 marks]

Question 5

- (i) Define inflectional and derivational morphology.
- (ii) Name three (3) differences between inflectional and derivational morphology.
- (iii) Use examples from at least two (2) languages to explain each of the three differences that you name in (ii). [25 marks]

Question 6

Define five (5) of the following terms. For each term, give one (1) example from any language. You may use examples from more than one language.

- 1) Suppletion
- 2) Lexeme
- 3) Infix
- 4) Morphophonemics
- 5) Prefix
- 6) Allomorph
- 7) Suffix

[25 marks]

END OF QUESTION PAPER