UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION, MAY 2013

COURSE NAME: A Study of Poetry

COURSE CODE: ENG206 / IDE-ENG206

TIME ALLOWED: Two Hours

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Answer **Question One**, plus one other question (two questions in all).
- 2. Read the instructions carefully to avoid giving irrelevant answers.
- 3. Make sure you proofread your work to avoid losing marks due to grammatical and conventional errors.
- 4. Each question carries 30 marks.
- 5. This paper is 7 pages long, cover page included.

THIS PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR

Question 1

Choose ONE poem below and discuss how the emotional state of the persona, the situation it presents and the poetic and literary devices it uses contribute to its overall meaning and form. [30]

"Beatings" by Roger McGough

My father beats me up Just like his father did And granddad he was beaten By great-granddad as a kid

From generation to generation 5 A poisoned apple passed along Domestic daily cruelty No one thinking it was wrong.

And it was:

Not the cursing and the bruising 10 The frustration and the fear A normal child can cope with that It grows easier by the year

But the ignorance, believing That the child is somehow owned 15 Property paid for Violence condoned.

"African Grass" Shimmer Chinodya

Grass grows here, enough To thatch a thousand roofs. Tall khaki African grass Two heads taller than I, laden With beads of dew In the early morning. Shove armfuls aside To pass.

Grass caressing my bare thighs Sweeping past me, rustling softly like lovers. Adam and Eve once walked here Naked and innocent in this wild savannah; When the world was young 5

10

And there was no one else to watch.

It's hard to think that this tall crop Coarse in its maturity	15
Burst out of October's black burnt plains Green and succulent, and savouring the mellow sun Green to this height. But it's harder yet to think That this crop will crumple To veld fire ashes; Fruitless growth!	20
This whispering Shall be Gone.	25
"I Wandered Lonely as a Cloud" William Wordswo	rth
I wandered lonely as a cloud That floats on high o'er vales and hills, When all at once I saw a crowd, A host, of golden daffodils, Beside the lake, beneath the trees, Fluttering and dancing in the breeze.	5
Continuous as the stars that shine And twinkle on the milky-way, They stretched in never-ending line Along the margin of a bay; Ten thousand saw I at a glance, Tossing their heads in sprightly dance.	10
The waves beside them danced, but they Outdid the sparkling waves in glee; A poet could not but be gay, In such a jocund company; I gazed – and gazed – but little thought What wealth the show to me had brought:	15
For oft, when on my couch I lie In vacant or in pensive mood, They flash upon that inward eye Which is the bliss of solitude; And then my heart with pleasure fills, And dances with the daffodils.	20

Question 2

Using the sonnets below for reference, discuss everything you know about the sonnet form. [30]

1. "In Bondage" Claude McKay

I would be wandering in distant fields Where man, and bird, and beast, lives leisurely, And the old earth is kind, end ever yields Her goodly gifts to all her children free; Where life is fairer, lighter, less demanding, And boys and girls have time and space for play Before they come to years of understanding – Somewhere I would be singing, far away. For life is greater than the thousand wars Men wage for it in their insatiate lust, And will remain like the eternal stars, When all that shines today is drift and dust.

But I am bound with you in your mean graves, O Black men, simple slaves of ruthless slaves.

2. "Putting in the Seed" Robert Frost

You come to fetch me from my work tonight When supper's on the table, and we'll see If I can leave off burying the white Soft petals from the apple tree (Soft petals, yes, but not so barren quite, 5 mingled with these, smooth bean and wrinkled pea). And go along with you ere you lose sight Of what you came for and become like me, Slave to a springtime passion for the earth. How Love burns through the Putting in the Seed 10 On through the watching for that early birth When, just as the soil tarnishes with weed, The sturdy seedling with arched body comes Shouldering its way and shedding the earth crumbs.

3. "How Do I Love Thee?" Elizabeth Barrett Browning

How do I love thee? Let me count the ways. I love thee to the depth and breadth and height My soul can reach, when feeling out of sight For the ends of Being and the ideal Grace. I love thee to the level of every day's Most quiet need, by sun and candle-light.

10

5

5

I love thee freely, as men strive for Right; I love thee purely, as they turn from Praise. I love thee with the passion put to use In my old griefs, and with my childhood's faith. I love thee with a love I seemed to lose With my lost saints, - I love thee with the breath, Smiles, tears, of all my life! - and, if God choose, I shall but love thee better after death.

4. Sonnet 1

Happy ye leaves* when as those lilly hands, pages of a book Which hold my life in their dead doing* might, killing Shall handle you and hold in loves soft bands*, bonds Lyke captives trembling at the victors sight. And happy lines, on which with starry light, Those lamping* eyes will deigne sometimes look flashing And reade the sorrowes of my dying spright*, spirit Written with teares in harts close* bleeding book. secret And happy rymes bath'd in the sacred brooke Of Helicon* whence she derived is, When ye behold that Angels blessed looke, My soules long lacked foode, my heavens blis. Leaves, lines, and rymes, seeke her to please alone, Whom if ye please, I care for other none.

Question 3

Discuss with the aid of examples why the poem below qualifies as a (literary) ballad. [30]

"Ballad of Birmingham" Dudley Randall

(Four black children were killed when the Baptist Church in Birmingham, Alabama, was bombed in 1963).

"Mother dear, may I go downtown Instead of out to play, And march the streets of Birmingham In a Freedom March today?"

"No, baby, no, you may not go, For the dogs are fierce and wild, And clubs and hoses, guns and jails Aren't good for a little child."

"But, mother, I won't be alone.

10

name of a river

5

Other children will go with me, And march the streets of Birmingham To make our country free."	10
"No, baby, no, you may not go, For I fear those guns will fire. But you may go to church instead And sing in the children's choir."	15
She has combed and brushed her night-dark hair, And bathed rose petal sweet, And drawn white gloves on her small brown hands, And white shoes on her feet.	20
The mother smiled to know her child Was safe in a sacred place.	
But that smile was the last smile To come upon her face.	
For when she heard the explosion, Her eyes grew wet and wild. She raced through the streets of Birmingham Calling for her child.	25
She clawed through bits of glass and brick, Then lifted out a shoe "Oh, here's the shoe my baby wore, But, baby, where are you?"	30

Question 4

Read the poem below and answer the questions that follow it:

5

"Hurry Up to It" Sipho Sepamla

By all means Get married, That's been the idea These past ten years

And so, You must hurry, Hurry up for your sake and mine For age can move ahead of wishes.

You say You love her 10 Love her face: Eyes brighter than house lights Nostrils wider than windows Limbs firmer than men's hearts. But son, 15 Make certain she is a desirable person; For love is: Knowing the girl's homeland, Knowing her papers are right, Knowing she has permission to marry, 20 And above all Love is: Knowing if you can make children; For remember, son, You will be required 25 To buzz thoughts of manhood In a man's hostel; She will be expected To nurse the ache Of an ill-used womb 30 In a woman's hostel. Hurry up You need to register

You need to register For a certified permit To have sex – 35 In good time!

- a) Discuss how the poem uses sarcasm to mock the systematic suppression of blacks in South Africa under apartheid. [15]
- b) Cite and discuss four aspects which render the poem free verse. [15]