### UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

### INSTITUTE OF DISTANCE EDUCATION

### DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

# **SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION -JULY 2018**

COURSE TITLE

**GRAMMAR II - PHRASES AND CLAUSES** 

COURSE CODE :

**IDE-ENG 201** 

DURATION

**TWO HOURS** 

INSTRUCTIONS :

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF FOUR

QUESTIONS.

ANSWER TWO QUESTIONS IN TOTAL,

QUESTION ONE AND ANY OTHER

**ALL QUESTIONS ARE WORTH 30 MARKS EACH** 

FAILURE TO ADHERE TO THE LINGUISTIC

CONVENTIONS MAY RESULT IN A LOSS OF

**MARKS** 

THIS PAPER IS NOT TO BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR

### **QUESTION 1 – COMPULSORY**

a) Write a one page essay on the topic: It has not been all easy.....

[10 marks]

- b) Identify the nature and state the syntactic functions of the underlined constituents in the sentences below:
  - i) Do you have the latest software to install?
  - ii) Smoking is not good for one's heath.
  - iii) The truck that overturned <u>down the Malagwane hill</u> blocked the traffic for four hours
  - iv) Will has willed his estate to Willow.
  - v) If only she knew, she would not have left the children alone <u>last</u> night.
  - vi) He was charged with <u>culpable homicide</u> because she knocked down a pedestrian.
  - vii) She left the children inside a burning hut.
  - viii) When she left the children inside a burning hut, she was going to ask for assistance from the neighbourhood, but unfortunately no one was willing to help her.
  - ix) She demanded <u>a re-mark</u>, yet she had not written the examination.
  - x) <u>Today</u> marks the end of the first semester.

[10marks]

# c) Construct the following sentences.

- i) Where an adjective predicatively modifies a noun in a noun phrase.
- ii) Where a prepositional phrase post modifies a noun in a noun phrase.
- iii) Where an infinitive phrase functions as a subject in a sentence.
- iv) Where an adverb phrase shows the intensity of the action of the verb.
- v) Where an adjective phrase is used predicatively [10 marks]

### **QUESTION 2**

a) With the aid of examples, show how the echo is different from the fragment test in identifying phrases.

[10 marks]

- b) Using the echo test, identify and state the nature of the phrases that constitute the following construction:An old lady in a blue overall sang the national anthem out of tune at the
  - national stadium yesterday afternoon. [5 marks]
- c) The following sentences are 'ambiguous'. Disambiguate them by giving the interpretations entailed in each.
  - i) I don't drink alcohol for religious reasons [2 marks]
  - ii) My brother and I are getting married this summer.

[2 marks]

- iii) They are looking for French, German and Japanese teachers. [2marks]
- iv) Mary saw a dog in the store window and wanted it.

[2 marks]

- v) He has married friends. [2 marks]
- vi) Fred saw the plane flying over Zurich. [3 marks]
- vii) What a beautiful work of art! [2marks] [15 marks]

## **QUESTION 3**

a) Discuss the difference between the forms and types of sentences.

[10 marks]

b) What is a run-on sentence?

[5 marks]

c) With the aid of examples, discuss the two types of run-on sentences showing when each occurs and how each type is corrected.

[15 marks]

## **QUESTION 4**

a) With the aid of examples, differentiate between a:

i) Phrase and a clause [2marks]

ii) Main(independent) and dependent (subordinate) clause

[5 marks]

iii) A restrictive and non-restrictive clause

[5 marks]

iv) A nominal clause and a noun phrase

[5marks]

# b) Complete the following table

Nature of sentence	Number of Dependent clauses	Number of independent clauses	One example
Complex sentence			
***************************************	0		
	1+		•••••••
Simple sentence		0	
			[13 marks]