

UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

FINAL EXAMINATION PAPER: MAY 2012

TITLE OF PAPER: BIOCHEMISTRY AND CELL BIOLOGY

COURSE CODE: B203

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

- INSTRUCTIONS:
1. ANSWER ANY FOUR QUESTIONS
  2. EACH QUESTION CARRIES TWENTY FIVE (25) MARKS
  3. ILLUSTRATE YOUR ANSWER WITH LARGE AND CLEARLY LABELLED DIAGRAMS WHERE APPROPRIATE

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: NONE

THIS PAPER IS NOT TO BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED  
BY THE INVIGILATORS

**Question 1**

- (a) What are biomolecules? (6 marks)
- (b) With reference to monosaccharides, explain the following:
- (i) condensation, (4 marks)
  - (ii) hydrolysis, (4 marks)
  - (iii) mutarotation. (4 marks)
- (c) Outline the functions of carbohydrates in living organisms. (7 marks)

**[Total marks = 25]**

**Question 2**

- (a) Outline the structural features and properties of simple fatty acids. (8 marks)
- (b) Explain with examples the differences between saturated and unsaturated fatty acids. (7 marks)
- (c) Briefly discuss the importance of proteins in living organisms. (10 marks)

**[Total marks = 25]**

**Question 3**

- (a) What are nucleotides? (7 marks)
- (b) Discuss the roles played by nucleic acids in the biosynthesis of proteins in living cells. (18 marks)

**[Total marks = 25]**

**Question 4**

- (a) With reference to enzymes, explain the following:
- (i) co-factors, (3 marks)
  - (ii) allosteric effectors, (3 marks)
  - (iii) inhibitors. (4 marks)
- (b) Briefly explain how heavy metals (e.g. lead), poisons (e.g. salts of cyanide) and pesticides (e.g. DDT) affect the action of enzymes in living organisms. (15 marks)

**[Total marks = 25]**

**Question 5**

- (a) Distinguish between light and dark reactions of photosynthesis. (9 marks)
- (b) Briefly explain how adenosine triphosphate (ATP) is generated and utilized by the cells of green plants (16 marks)

**[Total marks = 25]**

**Question 6**

Write concise notes **on two** of the following:

- (a) The fate of the end products of glycolysis, (12½ marks)
- (b)  $\beta$ -oxidation and its significance to eukaryotes, (12½ marks)
- (c) Gluconeogenesis. (12½ marks)

**[Total marks = 25]**

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**