

UNIVERSITY OF ESWATINI



Final Examination(Main) – 2020/2021

TITLE OF PAPER: Natural Products and Medicinal Chemistry
COURSE NUMBER: CHE432
TIME ALLOWED: Three Hours

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer any four (4) questions of the six (6) questions and every question holds 25 marks.

NB: all questions are to be answered in a separate answer sheet.

This Examination Paper Contains **FOUR** Printed Pages Including This Page

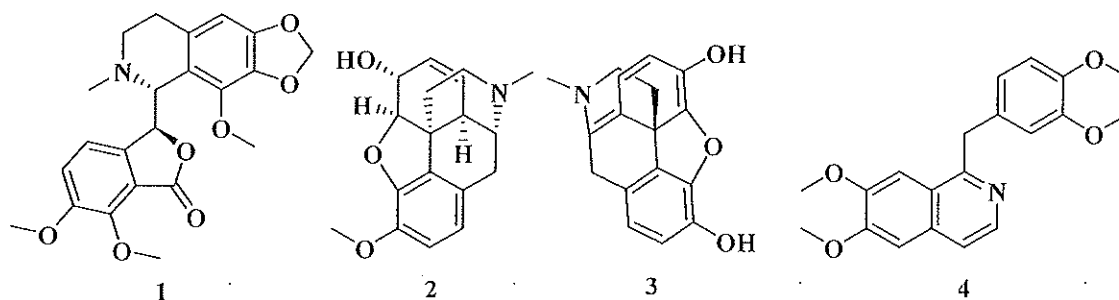
*You are not supposed to open the paper until permission to do so has been granted by the
Chief Invigilator.*

QUESTION 1

- (a) Define a natural product. [1]
- (b) Write informative notes on the following people that contributed towards the development of natural products and medicinal chemistry.
- (i) Ebers Papyrus [3]
 - (ii) Pedanius Dioscorides [3]
 - (iii) Avicenna [3]
 - (iv) Sir Alexander Fleming [3]
- (c) Define or describe the following concepts:
- (i) Primary metabolites [4]
 - (ii) Secondary metabolites [4]
- (d) The extraction of natural products progresses through four stages. Name and briefly describe the four stages of natural products extraction. [4]

QUESTION 2

- (a) Name the following compounds below and give the medicinal use for each. [12]



- (b) Heroin is a semi-synthetic organic compound, using a synthetic scheme, giving all reagents and solvents used, explain how heroin is synthesized. [8]
- (c) Describe the role of Shikimic acid pathway in natural products. [5]

QUESTION 3

- (a) What is the association of each of the following individuals with aspirin?
- (i) Hippocrates [2]
 - (ii) Joseph Buchner [2]
 - (iii) Raffaele Piria [2]
 - (iv) Cesare Bertagnini [2]
 - (v) Felix Hoffmann [2]
- (b) Starting from phenol, and using suitable reaction mechanisms, show how salicylic acid is synthesized in Kolbe reaction. [15]

QUESTION 4

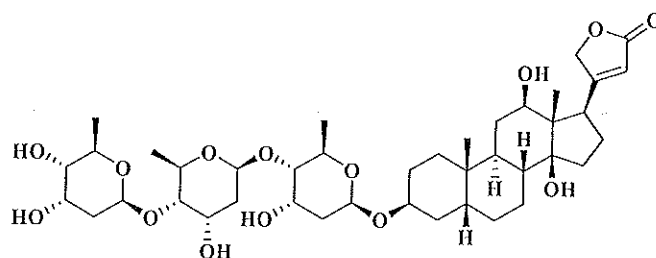
- (a) Describe the factors affecting the extraction process of natural products. [10]
- (b) Draw the structure of the following natural occurring molecules:
- 1. Salicin [2]
 - 2. Salicylic acid [2]
 - 3. Quinine [2]
 - 4. Caffeine [2]
 - 5. Nicotine [2]
- (c) Using a flow chart, describe the bioassay-guided natural product drug discovery process. [5]

QUESTION 5

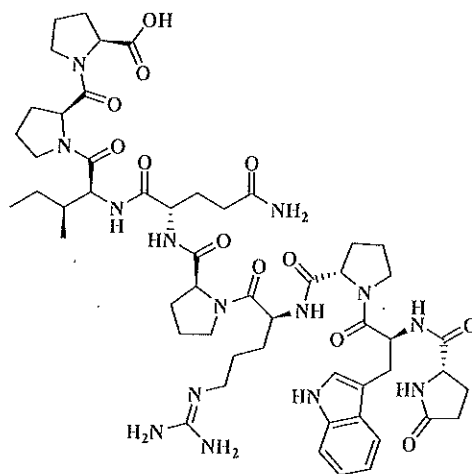
- (a) Using a synthetic scheme outline all steps in the Shikimate Pathway. [10]
- (b) Name and draw structures of the three naturally occurring aromatic amino acids biosynthesized by plants via the Shikimate Pathway. [9]
- (c) Describe the role of mevalonate pathway in natural product chemistry. [6]

QUESTION 6

- (a) Describe the role of natural products in drug discovery development. [4]
- (b) Discuss the principle of Agar-Disk Diffusion antimicrobial bioassay. [4]
- (c) Below is a chemical structure of a natural occurring molecule.



- (i) Give the common name of the molecule. [2]
- (ii) Give the name of the source of this molecule. [2]
- (iii) Give the medicinal use of this molecule. [2]
- (d) The name of the structure below is teprotide, a molecule isolated from a venom of an animal source. It has contributed a lot in drug discovery and development of novel drug alternatives.



- (i) Name the animal source of teprotide. [2]
- (ii) Draw structures and give names of two molecules that were designed based on the structure of teprotide. [6]
- (iii) Name the enzyme which is inhibited by these molecules. [2]
- (iv) Give one disease that can be treated with these molecules. [1]