# **UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND**

### FACULTY OF SCIENCE

## DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

# FINAL EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2013

Title of Paper	:	Databases and their Design I
Course Number	:	CS 345
Time Allowed	:	Three (3) Hours
Instruction	:	Answer any FIVE questions

This exam paper should not be opened until permission has been granted by the invigilator.

#### **Question 1**

(a)	Describe and explain the importance of a primary key in DBMS.	[4]
(b)	Define a DBMS.	[2]
(c)	what are the potential initial costs of implementing a DBMS?	[4]
(d)	Explain why database design is important.	[2]
(e)	Discuss the terms: data, field, metadata and tuple.	[4]
(f)	Discuss structural independence and its importance	[4]

#### **Question 2**

(a) How is productivity improved in a DBMS vs in a traditional file system? [4]

[4]

[4]

[2]

- (b) Discuss any two disadvantages of a DBMS.
- (c) Draw a detailed E-R diagram of your High School as you envisage its database (as per a request of your old principal who has heard that you are doing CS 345 and wants you to help computerise the data in the school).
- (d) Describe two advantages and two disadvantages of a hierarchical database system. [4]

#### **Question 3**

Considering a file structure of the form: JOB(Proj\_Num, Proj\_Name, Empl\_num, Job\_Code, Job\_Chg\_Hour, Proj\_Hours, Empl\_Phone); where each project is done by more than one employee and each employee works on more than one project; each employee has only one expertise.

- (a) Write an SQL query to create the table described above. [4]
- (b) Qualify each data type you used in (a).
- (c) Fit in three rows of data to the given file structure.
- (d) Identify and discuss the serious data redundancy problems exhibited by a file structure of this form. [6]
- (e) What problems might you encounter if one of the projects were deleted. [4]

#### **Question 4**

(a)	What is a relationship set within a relational database?	[2]			
(b)	) Define a data model and state what designers use it for.				
(C)	Discuss the advantages and two disadvantages of relational databases.	[5]			
(d)	Describe how a network model, that is not purely hierarchical,	can be			
	implemented in a hierarchical system.	[5]			
(e)	What are the advantages and disadvantages of the network model in con	nparison			
	with the other two record-based logical models?	[5]			

#### Question 5.

- a) Use the knowledge of your University (subjects, teachers, students, departments, etc) to describe the concept of generalisation in database systems. Illustrate this concept using an ER diagram of at least 7 entities. [10]
- b) Reduce the E-R diagram in (a) into tables (two ways). [10]

#### **Question 6.**

Use a school or university setting to illustrate and emphasize your answers where necessary.

- (a) What are the main operations of relational algebra? [3]
- (b) What is the Cartesian product? Illustrate your answer with an example. [5]
- (c) What is the difference between PROJECTION and SELECTION? [4]
- (d) Explain the difference between natural join and the outer join. [4]
- (e) Using an example show that the Set Intersection can be done using one of the main operations. [4]