## University of Swaziland Main Final Examination MAY 2015

Title of paper : Data structures

Course number : CS342

Time Allowed : Three(3) hours

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Instructions

- Each question carries 25 marks
- Answer any four (4) questions from questions 1 to 6.

This paper may not be opened until permission has been granted by the invigilator

(a)	Explain the meaning of the following terms.				
	(i) Data.	2 marks			
	(ii) Data structure.	2 marks			
	(iii)Abstract data type	2 marks			
	(iv)Base address of a record	2 marks			
	(v) Recursive algorithm.	2 marks			

(b) f(n) is O(g(n)). Formally, explain the meaning of this expression 3 marks

(c) Using the big-oh notation estimate the running time of the following functions.

(i) $f(N) = 7,000,000,000,000$	*	1 mark
(ii) $f(N) = N^3 + 1,000,000N^2 + 10N;$		1 mark
$(iii)f(N) = 70000 \text{ LOG}_2(N) + 10N + 7000$	1 marks	
(iv) f(N) = 500 N LOG (N) + 100 if n > 10;		1 marks
10000  LOG N if N < = 10;		

(d) Write the pseudocode of the binary search algorithm, clearly stating the preconditions and post-conditions. With the aid of an sample array containing not less than 13 values, trace the execution of a binary search algorithm. What is the running time of this algorithm?

4 marks

(e) Write the pseudocode of the selection sort algorithm, clearly stating the preconditions and post-conditions. What is the running time of this algorithm? Is there any other sorting algorithm that can do better than selection sort in terms of the running time, explain your answer?

4 marks

Let  $A [lo_1..hi_1, lo_2..hi_2]$  be a 2D array

(a) Write a C++ declaration of variable A as an 2D array of integers. 2 marks

- (b) With the aid of an example, explain what is meant by row major order and column major order allocation for such a 2D array. Which one requires more memory? 5 marks
- (c) Write a general expression that could be used to calculate the memory space required to store 1 column of array A given each element takes E<sub>size</sub> bytes.

3 marks

- (d) Write a general array mapping function, Address (A[i,j]), assuming column major order. Explain or show how you obtained this expression.
   4 marks
- (e) What is the big-oh time complexity for accessing element A[i,j]. 2 marks
- (f) Assuming  $A [lo_1..hi_1]$  is an array of employee records as defined below:

class Employee

{ char TaxId[6]; char name[20]; int age;

};

(i) Show a sample array A containing 3 such employee records. 2 marks

- (ii) How much memory is required to store each record? Clearly state your assumptions about the size of each field of an employee record. 2 marks
- (iii) Assume the base address array A is 500 and a C++ implementation of arrays, use the array mapping function obtained in (d) above to determine the first memory location used to store the name field value for the record stored in row 3 column 8.

- (a) Draw a diagram of an <u>ordered double-linked list</u> with nodes containing the values 22.0, 100.2, 450.7, 16.5, 300.1
   3 marks
- (b) How much memory would be required to store the elements in the double linked list in (a) above. What would be the difference if the elements were stored in an array? 4 marks
- (c) Using C++/C#/Java notation, Write a class definition for a Node in the double linked list obtained in (a) above.
   4 marks
- (d) Based on your class definition in (c) above, Write a C++/Ç#/Java class definition for the double-linkedList, as defined in (a) above.

4 marks

(e) Based on your definition in (d) above, write functions that implement the following operations.

(i)	add a new element to the list	4 marks

- (ii) display all elements in the list on standard output 3 marks
- (f) Using the big-O notation, estimate the running times of the implementations given in (e) above.3 marks

(a) What is perfect binary search tree?	2 marks			
(b) Draw a picture of perfect binary search tree of height 4. How many leaf no in this tree?				
(c) List and describe the operations of a stack data structure.	3 marks			
(d) Using the example of tree obtained in (b) above, describe in-order tree traversal, and write a pseudocode of an algorithm that uses a stack to implement in-order tree traversal. Trace the execution of this algorithm using the sample tree in (b) above. 7 marks				
(e) List and describe the operations of a queue data structure. $\bullet$	3 marks			
(f) Using the example of tree obtained in (b) above, describe level-order tree and write a pseudocode of an algorithm that uses a queue to implement	level-order			

tree traversal. Trace the execution of this algorithm using the sample tree in (b) above. 7 marks

# **Question 5**

(a) What is a B-Tree of order b?								2 marks	
(b) Write the pseudocode for inserting into a B-tree of order b.							4 marks		
(c) Follow the pseudocode outlined in (b) above and construct a B-tree of order 5									
containing the following values. Show all intermediate trees leading to your final									
answer.									
60	80	10	200	400	150	250	315	50	75
650	100	15	70	170	800	30	98	100	40
Assume values are inserted in the given order. 13 marks									
(d) List all node values in the B-tree constructed above assuming pre-order traversal.									
What is the running time of this traversal?						-	3 marks		
(e) What is the height of a B-tree of order 19 containing 130000 values.						. <u>-</u>	3 Marks		

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- (a) Draw a picture of a sample directed graph G with 11 nodes and 19 edges. Each node must have at least 2 but not more than 3 neighbors.
   3 marks
- (b) Show the adjacency list representation of the graph G drawn in (a) above. 2 marks
- (c) Using the C++ Standard Template Library or C#/Java collection,
  - (i) Define a class GraphNode to represent a node in a graph with NodeValue and AdjacentList as its data members. The node value is of type datatype and AdjacentList is a list of values of type datatype. Define a constructor for this class. [do not define any other member functions for this class] 5 marks
  - (ii) Using your class definition in (i) above, define a class Graph with Nodes as its data member where Nodes is a array of GraphNodes.
    [do not define any member functions for this class]

3 marks

- (d) Based on your type definition in (a.) above, write C++ /C#/Java code for the following member functions of class Graph.
  - (i) NodeIndex (u) returns the index of node u in a graph. 4 marks
  - (ii) IsNode (u) returns true if u is a node in the graph and returns false otherwise. 2 marks
  - (iii) AddEdge  $(u,v_{i})$  adds a new edge from node u to node v. 3 marks
  - (iv) Neighbours (u) displays all the neighbors of node u (the adjacent list of node u) in a graph.
     3 marks