

**University of Swaziland**  
Department Of Computer Science  
Main Examination December 2017

**Title of paper** : **Programming Languages**

**Course number** : **CS343**

**Time Allowed** : **Three (3) hours**

**Instructions:**

- **Answer all questions in section A.**
- **Answer any three (3) questions in section B.**

**This paper may not be opened until permission has been granted by the invigilator.**

**QUESTION 1 [25 marks]**

- i. Explain the following terms: [10]
- a) Translators
  - b) Axiomatic Semantics
  - c) Functional abstraction
  - d) Higher order functions (HOFs)
  - e) Recursive predicates
- ii. Discuss the differences between the following: [15]
- a. Syntax and Semantics
  - b. Static typing and Dynamic typing
  - c. Inclusion Polymorphism and Parametric Polymorphism
  - d. Statements and Expressions
  - e. Selection control structure and repetition control Structure

**QUESTION 2 [25 marks]**

- i. Discuss (in detail) language classification, making sure that you include all the paradigms. [9]
- ii. Pascal, C++ and other high-level languages are known as typed languages. Write down the main three (3) advantages over untyped languages. [6]
- iii. Describe in detail the structure of Lambda calculus expressions, as well as the method by which the expressions are evaluated (reduced to normal form) [10]

**QUESTION 3 [25 marks]**

- i. State any 3 reasons why we study concepts of programming languages [3]
- ii. Discuss (in detail) low level (LL) programming, stating the main reasons why it mostly avoided. [7]
- iii. Most languages have about seven (7) ways of defining new types, name and describe any five of these ways giving a fragment of code as an example. [15]

#### **QUESTION 4 [25 marks]**

- i. A logic programming system, such as Prolog, is made of which two (2) main components? [3]
- ii. Name and discuss any Six (6) prolog predicates, giving appropriate examples. [12]
- iii. For given English statements about Food, write a prolog program and each case write the expected answer to the query. [12]

**- Facts & Rules**

- (1) burger is a food.
- (2) sandwich is a food.
- (3) pizza is a food.
- (4) sandwich is a lunch.
- (5) pizza is a dinner.
- (6) Every food is a meal OR Anything is a meal if it is a food.

**- Goals.**

- (1) Is pizza a food?
- (2) Which food is meal and lunch? OR What is both meal and lunch?
- (3) Is sandwich a dinner?

#### **QUESTION 5 [25 marks]**

- i. State and discuss the tow (2) main characteristics of functional programming. [5]
- ii. Following proper grammatical rules, show how the following lambda expressions are reduced to their normal form; [8]
  - a)  $(\lambda x. ((\lambda y. x*y+2) ((\lambda z. z+1) 9)) 3)$
  - b)  $(( (\lambda x. (\lambda y. (z.x*y*z))) 1) 2) 3)$
- iii. What is the output of the following Haskell code : [10]
  - a) `fst ((7, "cool"), "cool")`
  - b) `snd ((1, "cool"), "cool")`
  - c) `[ [ x*y | y ← [1..7] | x ← [1..4] ]`
  - d) `zipWith (+) [2,4,3,1] [3,2,4,7]`
  - e) `foldr (*) 1 [2,4,5,8]`
- iv. Write and expression Haskell function to produce a list of all even integers between 50 and 100, inclusive. [2]

**End of Question Paper**