

**UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND**  
**FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION DECEMBER, 2008**

**FACULTY OF SCIENCE**

**DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING**

**TITLE OF PAPER: POWER ELECTRONICS AND DRIVES**

**COURSE CODE: EIN510**

**TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS**

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Answer any FOUR (4) of the following five questions.**
- 2. Each question carries 25 marks.**
- 3. If you think not enough data has been given in any question you may assume reasonable values**

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HAS BEEN GIVEN BY THE INVIGILATOR**

**THIS PAPER CONTAINS SIX (6) PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE**

**QUESTION ONE (25 marks)**

The buck converter shown in Fig.Q1 is required to give an output voltage of 12 V with a maximum peak-to-peak ripple of 100 mV into a 100 W resistive load. The input voltage is 40 V dc and the converter operates with a minimum load current of 0.3 A. The switching frequency is 50 kHz. Assuming that all devices used are ideal, determine

- (a) The duty cycle of switching (1 mark)
- (b) The values of
  - (i) L, and (5 marks)
  - (ii) C (5 mark)
- (c) The minimum and maximum value of the inductor current (4 marks)
- (d) Sketch the waveforms of the following and determine their minimum and maximum values:
  - (i) The voltage across the inductor (2 marks)
  - (ii) The voltage across the BJT (2 marks)
  - (iii) The current in the BJT (3 marks)
  - (iv) The current in the diode (3 marks)

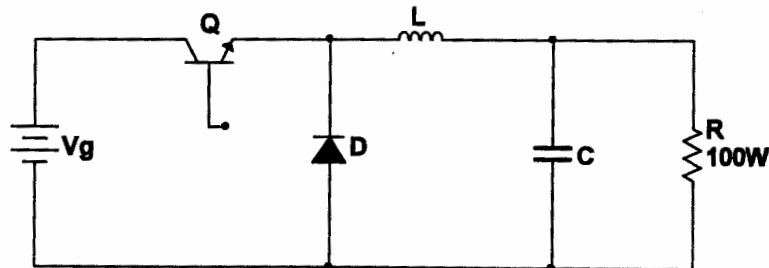
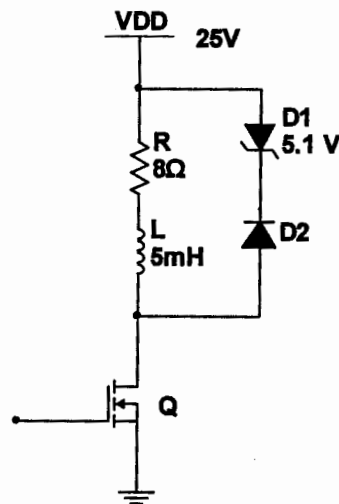


Fig.Q1

**QUESTION TWO (25 marks)**

The circuit in Fig.Q2 is used to control power in an  $8\ \Omega$ ,  $5\ \text{mH}$  load. The free-wheel path includes a  $5.1\ \text{V}$  zener diode. The switch is operated at  $25\ \text{kHz}$  with a duty cycle of  $0.3$ . Assume that the switch and diode each has a voltage drop of  $0.8\ \text{V}$ .

- (a) Sketch the waveform of the voltage across the load, specifying the key amplitude levels and time scales. (3 marks)
- (b) Repeat (a) for the voltage across the switch. (3 marks)
- (c) Calculate the average load current. (3 marks)
- (d) Estimate the peak-to-peak magnitude of the ripple in the load current. (5 marks)
- (e) Estimate the power dissipated in the free-wheel path. (3 marks)
- (f) Estimate the power dissipation in the MOSFET (2 marks)
- (g) Calculate the rate of decay of current in the inductor. (4 marks)
- (h) What is the effect of the zener diode on the rating of the MOSFET switch? (2 marks)

**Fig.Q2**

**QUESTION THREE (25 marks)**

(a) A three-phase fully-controlled thyristor ac to dc converter is operating from a 400 V, 50 Hz supply. The load is a  $12 \Omega$  highly inductive load.

(i) If the average output voltage is 50% of the maximum possible output voltage, determine:

1. The delay (firing) angle. *(1 mark)*
2. The output voltage. *(3 marks)*
3. The average load current. *(2 marks)*
4. The r.m.s. thyristor current *(2 marks)*
5. The r.m.s. supply current *(2 marks)*
6. The average thyristor current. *(2 marks)*

(ii) If the thyristors have a forward voltage drop of 1.2 V when conducting, calculate the thyristor firing angle required to produce an output voltage of 300 V. *(5 marks)*

(b) Design a base drive circuit for a power BJT operating as a switch with a peak base drive current limit of 0.6 A. A base current of 0.25 A is required to ensure saturation over all load conditions. The switching frequency is 10 kHz and the switching voltage is 0 V and 15 V. You may assume that peaking network time constant is about 5% of the switching period. *(8 marks)*

**QUESTION FOUR** (25 marks)

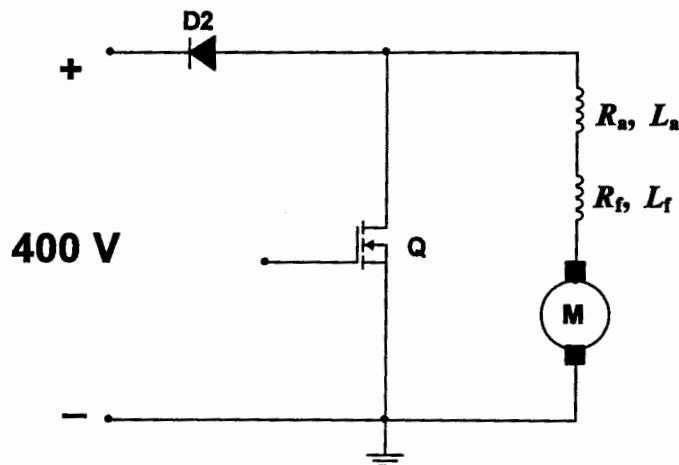
- (a) Determine the power factor in a three-phase fully controlled converter operating with a firing angle of  $45^\circ$  and feeding a d.c. current of 200 A into an inductive load. The supply voltage is 400 V, 50 Hz. (9 marks)
- (b) A diode in a power switching converter has a forward voltage drop of 0.8 V when conducting pulses of amplitude 10 A. The pulses have a duration of  $40\ \mu\text{s}$  and a repetition rate of 100  $\mu\text{s}$ . The diode's thermal resistance between junction and case is  $2^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  and it is mounted on a heatsink of thermal resistance  $4^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  in air with an ambient temperature of  $30^\circ\text{C}$ . If the diode switching losses and off state losses are negligible, calculate the diode junction temperature. (8 marks)
- (c) A 1200 rpm dc motor is rated at 3 kW, 230 V is fed from a 400 V, 3-phase 50 Hz supply using a thyristor converter. The armature resistance of the motor is  $0.6\ \Omega$  and the full load current is 15 A. Determine the thyristor firing angle required for the motor to develop its full rated torque is 600 rpm. (8 marks)

**QUESTION FIVE (25 marks)**

The Fig.Q5 shows a dc series motor is controlled under regeneration by a dc chopper from a 400 V supply. The armature resistance is  $R_a = 0.02 \Omega$  and the field resistance  $R_f = 0.03 \Omega$ .

The back e.m.f. constant of the motor is  $K_v = 15 \text{ mV/A-rad/s}$ . The average armature current is 250 A and can be considered to be continuous with negligible ripple. If the MOSFET switch has a duty cycle of 0.6, determine:

- The equivalent input resistance of the switch. (2 marks)
- The voltage across the switch. (2 marks)
- The power being returned to the supply. (3 marks)
- The torque of the motor. (4 marks)
- The maximum possible braking speed. (7 marks)
- The motor speed when the duty cycle is reduced to 0.4 (7 marks)

**Fig.Q5**