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UNIVERISTY OF SWAZILAND

DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY, ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND PLANNING FINAL EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2014

B.A., BASS, B. Ed. (FT/PT)

TITLE OF PAPER:	BIOGEOGRAPHY
COURSE NUMBER:	GEP 312
TIME ALLOWED:	THREE (3) HOURS
INSTRUCTIONS:	1. ANSWER THREE QUESTIONS 2. QUESTION 1 IS COMPULSORY 3. ILLUSTRATE YOUR ANSWERS WITH EXAMPLES AND CLEARLY DRAWN DIAGRAMS WHERE APPROPRIATE

ALLOCATION OF MARKS: QUESTION 1 (COMPULSORY) CARRIES 40 MARKS WHILE THE REST CARRY 30 MARKS EACH

THIS PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION IS GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR

GEP 312: BIOGEOGRAPHY – DÉCEMBER 2014

SECTION A: COMPULSORY

QUESTION 1

	Using examples, explain the physiological adaptations of environmental changes.	plants	and animals to (20 marks)
b)	Using the data in Table 1 below calculate the following:		
	i) Species richness in quadrats 1 and 3.		(2 marks)
	ii) Species equitability in quadrat 4.	•	(5 marks)
	iii) Frequency of species for;		(3 marks)
	Vangueria infausta		````
	• Adina, and		
	Tabernaemontana elegans		
c)	Coefficient of association between Combretum molle and		
	Tabernaemontana elegans		(5 marks)
	• Adina		(5 marks)
			(40 Marks)

Name of species	Number of individuals			
	Quadrat 1	Quadrat 2	Quadrat 3	Quadrat 4
Imbondvo lemnyama (Combretum molle)	88	78	63	70
Imbondvo lemhlophe (Combretum zeyheri)	16	23	55	68
Incithamuzi (Ilex mitis)	23	34	10	26
Umntulu (Vangueria infausta)	14	3	1	4
Sihubhulu (Bridelia Micrantha)	3	5	8	5
Umncozi (Syzgium cordatum)	10	12	0	10
Umhlume (Adina)	55	9	10	0
Umkhamamasi wemfula (Tabernaemontana elegans)	2	7	0	0
Umhonono wemfula (Terminalia sambesiaca)	0	10	· 9	38
Umkhiwa wemfula (Ficus capensis)	10	0	11	10

Table 1: The most common and endangered species within a hypothetical study area

Source: Hypothetical

1

SECTION B: ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS

QUESTION 2

- a) Explain why biogeographical studies tend to pay special attention on the study of plants rather than animals. (15 marks)
- b) Using examples, discuss the factors affecting biomass present in an ecosystem.

(15	marks)
(30	Marks)

QUESTION 3

Discuss the effects of climate change on various levels of biological diversity. (30 Marks)

QUESTION 4

a) Using examples, explain how organisms ensure differential co-existence in a community. (15 marks)

b) Explain the factors affecting primary productivity in a biotic community. (15 marks) (30 Marks)

QUESTION 5

Using examples, explain the applications of biogeographical research on conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity. (30 Marks)