#### UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

# DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY, ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND PLANNING

## **FINAL EXAMINATION, MAY 2017**

B.A., B.Ed.

TITLE OF PAPER:

SPECIAL AREA STUDIES (SOUTHEAST ASIA)

**COURSE CODE:** 

GEP432

TIME ALLOWED:

THREE (3) HOURS

**INSTRUCTIONS:** 

1. ANSWER THREE (3) QUESTIONS

2. QUESTION 1 IS COMPULSORY

3. ANSWER ANY TWO (2) QUESTIONS FROM

**SECTION B** 

4. WHERE APPROPRIATE, ILLUSTRATE YOUR

ANSWERES WITH DIAGRAMS AND EXAMPLES

MARKS ALLOCATION:

**QUESTION ONE (1) CARRIES 40 MARKS THE REST** 

OF THE QUESTIONS CARRY 30 MARKS.

THIS QUESTION PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS
BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR

## GEP432 SPECIAL AREA STUDIES (SOUTHEAST ASIA) (MAY 2017)

## SECTION A: COMPULSORY QUESTION

## **QUESTION 1**

a) 'Southeast Asian countries have experienced rapid rates of urbanization with both positive and negative consequences'. Using examples, discuss the validity of this statement.

(25 marks)

b) Explain the two outcomes of the regional capacity development technical assistance programme for green cities and sustainable urbanization in Southeast Asian countries.

(15 marks)

(40 Marks)

## SECTION B: ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS FROM THIS SECTION

### **QUESTION 2**

'Geographical location of Southeast Asian region makes it highly vulnerable to natural disasters'. Discuss the validity of this statement.

(30 Marks)

# **QUESTION 3**

'Control and ownership of natural resources in the South China Sea is a very complex and controversial regional development and diplomatic issue in Southeast Asia'. Discuss the validity of this statement.

A Company of the Comp

(30 Marks)

## **QUESTION 4**

Discuss the two different development policy approaches to industrialization adopted by Southeast Asian countries.

(30 Marks)

#### **QUESTION 5**

a) Identify and explain national environmental problems and transboundary environmental problems that are widespread across the countries in Southeast Asian region.

(15 marks)

b) Identify and explain any three (3) strategies for environmental sustainability that some countries in Southeast Asia have adopted.

(15 marks)

(30 Marks)