
University of Swaziland



Final Examination, May 2011

BSc I, EEng I, BEd I

Title of Paper : Introduction to Calculus

Course Number : M115

Time Allowed : Three (3) hours

Instructions :

1. This paper consists of SEVEN questions.
2. Each question is worth 20%.
3. Answer ANY FIVE questions.
4. Show all your working.

THIS PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GIVEN BY THE INVIGILATOR.

Question 1

(a) Evaluate

$$\text{i. } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{1+x}}{x} \right) \quad [5]$$

$$\text{ii. } \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(\frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 + 4} \right) \quad [5]$$

(b) Find y'

$$\text{i. } y = (x^2 + 1)^{-4x} \quad [5]$$

$$\text{ii. } e^{xy} = \ln(x + y) \quad [5]$$

Question 2

(a) Evaluate each integral.

$$\text{i. } \int \left(4 - 6x^2 - \frac{6}{x^2} - \frac{6}{x} - \frac{6}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{6}{e^{2x}} \right) dx \quad [5]$$

$$\text{ii. } \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin 2\theta}{1 + \sin^2 \theta} d\theta \quad [5]$$

(b) Use the limit definition of the derivative to find $f'(x)$ if

$$f(x) = \sqrt{5 + 4x}. \quad [10]$$

Question 3(a) Use Leibniz rule to find $\frac{d^4 y}{dx^4}$ given that

$$y = (x^2 - x)e^{2x}. \quad [8]$$

(b) Evaluate

$$\int (x^2 - x)e^{2x} dx. \quad [8]$$

- (c) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve $y = x^3 - 3x^2 - 9x + 5$ at $(0, 5)$. [4]
-

Question 4

- (a) Differentiate and simplify

$$y = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2 + 1). \quad [8]$$

- (b) Evaluate

i. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin^3 \theta \cos \theta d\theta$ [6]

ii. $\int \tan \theta \sec^4 \theta d\theta$ [6]

Question 5

- (a) Consider the function

$$f(x) = 10 - 4x^2 + 4x^3 - x^4.$$

- i. Find the intervals/points where the graph of $f(x)$ is increasing, decreasing or stationary [6]
- ii. Classify the stationary point(s) [3]
- iii. Find the intervals/points where the graph of $f(x)$ is concave up or down [3]
- iv. Find the inflexion point(s) of $f(x)$ (if any) [2]
- v. Make a sketch of the graph of $y = f(x)$. [6]
-

Question 6

Integrate

a.
$$\int \frac{5x - 1}{2x^2 + x - 10} dx \quad [14]$$

b.
$$\int \frac{3x - 2}{\sqrt{4 + 4x - 3x^2}} dx \quad [6]$$

Question 7

(a) Differentiate and simplify

$$y = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta - \cos \theta}. \quad [8]$$

(b) Find the *exact* value of the area bounded by the parabola $y = x^2 - x - 1$ and the straight line $y = x + 1$. [12]
