

UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND
SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION 2010/2011

BSc. II

TITLE OF PAPER : MATHEMATICS FOR SCIENTISTS

COURSE NUMBER : M 215

TIME ALLOWED : THREE (3) HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS : THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF
SEVEN QUESTIONS.

ANSWER ANY **FIVE** QUESTIONS.

ONLY NON-PROGRAMMABLE
CALCULATORS MAY BE USED.

THIS EXAMINATION PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS
BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR.

QUESTION 1

1. (a) Find the equation of a straight line perpendicular to the line $y - 3x = 2$ and passing through the origin. [3 marks]

- (b) Find the centre and radius of the circle with equation

$$2x^2 + 2y^2 + 6x - 7y + 5 = 0$$

[4 marks]

- (c) Use the dot product to find the unit vector perpendicular to both $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = 3\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$. [6 marks]

- (d) Use the cross product to find the vector perpendicular to $\hat{i} + 2\hat{k}$ and $\hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}$ and hence find the area of the triangle with these two vectors as adjacent sides. [7 marks]

QUESTION 2

2. (a)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -4 & 3 \\ 5 & 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Evaluate $\det(A)$ by

- i. cofactor expansion along the first row of A ,
- ii. direct formula for a 3×3 matrix.

[3,3 marks]

- (b) Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 6 & 7 & -1 \\ -3 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find

- i. All the minors,
- ii. All the cofactors,
- iii. Adjoint matrix,
- iv. Inverse matrix.

[2,1,1,2 marks]

- (c) Solve the linear system

$$\begin{aligned} 4x + 5y + &= 2 \\ 11x + y + 2z &= 3 \\ x + 5y + 2z &= 1, \end{aligned}$$

- i. by Cramer's rule,
- ii. by Gaussian elimination.

[4,4 marks]

QUESTION 3

3. (a) Apply a derivative to sketch the curve of $y = 1 - x^2 + x^4$. [4 marks]
- (b) Water is flowing into a conical tank at the rate of 3 cubic meters per minute. The tank has a radius of 2 meters at the top and a depth of 4 meters. How fast is the water level rising when the water is 1 meter deep? [5 marks]
- (c) Apply the Mean Value Theorem to find a point on the curve $y = x^3$ at which a tangent line is parallel to the chord connecting $A(-1, -1)$ and $B(2, 8)$. [5 marks]
- (d) Apply L'Hospital rule to evaluate the following limits.
- i. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 5x + 4}$.
- ii. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}$. [3,3 marks]

QUESTION 4

4. (a) Express the polynomial
- $$p(x) = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3$$
- in Taylor form about 1. [8 marks]
- (b) i. Use the quadratic approximation formula to compute $e^{-0.1}$, and
 ii. estimate the error term. [4,2 marks]
- (c) Consider the function
- $$f(x) = x^{\frac{11}{3}}$$
- Construct near the origin the Taylor polynomial of
- i. degree three,
 ii. degree four. [3,3 marks]

QUESTION 5

5. (a) For the function $f(x, y) = x^2 + xy^2 + y^3$
- find $f_x(1, -3)$,
 - find $f_y(2, 1)$. [3,3 marks]
- (b) If $w = u^2 + v^2$, $u = \frac{x+1}{y}$, $v = \frac{y+1}{x}$, find w_x and w_y at $x = 0, y = 2$. [7 marks]
- (c) Find and classify the stationary points of the following function.

$$z = \frac{x^2}{2p} - \frac{y^2}{2q}, \quad p > 0, \quad q > 0.$$

[7 marks]

QUESTION 6

6. (a) Apply Lagrange's method to find the extremum of $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$ subject to constraint $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$. [8 marks]
- (b) Find the area of the region enclosed between the curves $y = x^3$ and $y = x^2$. [6 marks]
- (c) The loop of the curve
- $$y^2 = x(x-2)^2, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 2,$$
- is rotated about the x -axis. What is the volume of the solid so formed. [6 marks]

QUESTION 7

7. (a) Derive the formula for the arc length of the curve
- $$x = \varphi(t), \quad y = \psi(t), \quad t_0 \leq t \leq \tau.$$
- [5 marks]
- (b) Find the area of the surface generated by rotating the curve C :
- $$x = \frac{1}{4}y^2, \quad 0 \leq y \leq 2$$
- about the x -axis. [6 marks]
- (c) Determine the volume of the solid below the surface $z = x^2 + 2y$ and over the region
- $$R = \{(x, y) : 0 \leq x \leq 2, x^2 \leq y \leq 2x\}.$$
- [9 marks]