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# University of Swaziland

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## Supplementary Examination – July 2014

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**BSc I, BEng I, BEd I**

**Title of Paper** : Algebra, Trigonometry & Analytic Geometry

**Course Number** : M111

**Time Allowed** : Three (3) hours

**Instructions:**

1. This paper consists of 2 sections.
2. Answer ALL questions in Section A.
3. Answer ANY 3 (out of 5) questions in Section B.
4. Show all your working.

THIS PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GIVEN  
BY THE INVIGILATOR.

**Section A**  
**Answer ALL Questions in this section.**

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**A.1** a. Give a concise definition of each of the following terms.

- i. The *minor* of a matrix [2 marks]
- ii. The *conjugate* of a complex number [2 marks]
- b. State two *double-angle* formulas for  $\cos 2\theta$  [2 marks]
- c. Sketch the graphs of  $y = \sin \theta$  and  $y = \cos \theta$  on the same axis in the interval  $-180^\circ \leq \theta \leq 180^\circ$ . [2 marks]

**A.2** a. Work out

- i.  $(2x^2 - 3)^5$  (using the *Binomial theorem*) [5 marks]
- ii.  $\frac{x^4 - 16}{x + 2}$  (using the *synthetic division*) [3 marks]
- iii.  $(1 + 2i)(1 - 3i)(1 + 4i)$  (and express your answer in the form  $x + iy$ ) [3 marks]
- iv.  $\log_b b^5 + \ln e^{2m-5} - \log 10^{2-3m}$  [3 marks]

b. Given the vectors  $\underline{A} = \hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$  and  $\underline{B} = 2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 1\hat{k}$ , find

- i.  $\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B}$  [2 marks]
- ii.  $\underline{A} \times \underline{B}$  [5 marks]

c. Find the *centre* and *radius* of the circle defined by

$$x^2 + y^2 + 6y - 70 = 0. \quad [4 \text{ marks}]$$

d. Given that  $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}$  where  $90^\circ < \theta < 270^\circ$ , find the *exact* value of  $\sin \theta$ .

[3 marks]

e. Find the value of the sum

$$\sum_{n=-10}^{50} (18 - 7n). \quad [3 \text{ marks}]$$

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**Section B**

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**Answer ANY 3 Questions in this section**

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**B.1** a. Evaluate and express in the form  $x + iy$ .

i.  $(3 - 5i^{11})^2$  [4 marks]

ii.  $\frac{12(\cos 240^\circ + i \sin 240^\circ)}{4(\cos 150^\circ + i \sin 150^\circ)}$  [2 marks]

b. Use de Moivre's theorem to evaluate (and express in the form  $x + iy$ )

$(3 + 3i)^6$  [4 marks]

c. Find all the fourth roots of 81. [10 marks]

**B.2** a. Find the exact value of  $\cos 105^\circ$ . [3 marks]b. Given that  $\cos A = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  where  $A$  is in  $QIV$ , find the exact values of

i.  $\sin A$  [2 marks]

ii.  $\cos 2A$  [4 marks]

c. Prove

$\cos 4\theta = 8 \cos^4 \theta - 8 \cos^2 \theta + 1$ . [5 marks]

d. Find the general solution of

$2 \cos^2 \theta - \sin \theta - 2 = 0$ . [5 marks]

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**B.3** a. Find the *first 4 terms* in the binomial expansion of

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$$\left(\frac{1}{x} - 2x\right)^{-2} \quad [6 \text{ marks}]$$

b. Find the term that does not involve  $x$  in the binomial expansion of

$$\left(x^4 + \frac{y}{x}\right)^{20} \quad [6 \text{ marks}]$$

c. Find 3 numbers in arithmetic progression whose product is 210 while their sum is 30. [8 marks]

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**B.4**

a. Express as a single logarithm with coefficient 1, and simplify

$$2 \ln \left(\frac{b^2c}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + 4 \ln \left(\frac{a}{b\sqrt{c}}\right) \quad [5 \text{ marks}]$$

b. Solve

i.  $7^{3x-2} = 2$  [3 marks]

ii.  $4^{x+1} - 5 \cdot 2^x = -1$  [5 marks]

c. The population of a city grows according to the formula

$$P(t) = 250,000e^{0.03t}$$

where  $t$  is time (in years) from the year 2000.

i. Find the population in the year 2014. [2 marks]

ii. Find the date when the population will be double that in 2000. [5 marks]

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**B.5**

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a. Given that  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 1 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$ , work out

$$(AA^T)(BB^T).$$

[5 marks]

b. Find the value of the determinant

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & -3 \\ -4 & 0 & 0 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$$

[5 marks]

c. Use mathematical induction to prove that

$$P(n) = 3^{2n} - 1,$$

is always divisible by 4, where  $n \geq 1$  is an integer.

[10 marks]