# UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

## SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION, 2017/2018

## B.Sc. II, BEd. II

- Title of Paper : Mathematics for Scientists
- Course Number : M215/MAT 215
- **Time Allowed** : Three (3) Hours

## Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of TWO (2) Sections:
  - a. SECTION A (40 MARKS)
    - Answer **ALL** questions in Section A.
  - b. SECTION B
    - There are FIVE (5) questions in Section B.
    - Each question in Section B is worth 20 Marks.
    - Answer ANY THREE (3) questions in Section B.
    - If you answer more than three (3) questions in Section B, only the first three questions answered in Section B will be marked.
- 2. Show all your working.

#### Special Requirements: None

THIS EXAMINATION PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GIVEN BY THE INVIGILATOR.

## SECTION A [40 Marks]: Answer ALL Questions

A1. Do the points 
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right), \left(1, \frac{3}{2}\right)$$
 and  $\left(\frac{5}{2}, 4\right)$  lie on one line? (4)

- A2. Find the angle between  $\overline{a} = (1, -1, 0)$  and  $\overline{b} = (0, 1, -1)$ . (4)
- A3. For the given function f(x) find all numbers  $x_i$  in the open interval (a, b) for which mean value theorem is satisfied, if
  - (a)  $f(x) = x^3 x$ , (a, b) = (0, 1).
  - (b)  $f(x) = 1 x^{\frac{2}{3}}, (a, b) = (-1, 1).$  (4,4)
- A4. Express the polynomial  $p(x) = 7 8x + 4x^2 + 5x^3 3x^4$  in Taylor form about  $x_0 = 1.$  (4)
- A5. Verify equality of mixed derivatives theorem for  $f(x, y) = x^2y + xy^3$ . (4)
- A6. Minimize  $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$ , subject to constraint x + 2y = 3. (5)
- A7. Compute the volume under the graph of  $z = 6x^2y + 8xy^3$  over the region 1 < x < 2, 3 < y < 4. (5)
- A8. Solve the following initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -4yx, \quad y(0) = y_0 \tag{6}$$

## SECTION B: Answer Any THREE Questions

## QUESTION B1 [20 Marks]

- B1. (a) Use cross product to find
  - (i) a unit vector perpendicular to both

$$\overline{a} = i + 2k, \overline{b} = i + j - k.$$

(ii) The area of the triangle spanned by the vectors  $\overline{a} = (0, 2, 4), \overline{b} = (2, 4, 2).$  (5,5)

(b) Find the volume of parallelepiped spanned by the directed segments  $\overline{OA}$ ,  $\overline{OB}$ , and  $\overline{OC}$  if the coordinates of A, B, and C are (1, 0, 0), (1, 1, 0) and (0, 0, 4), respectively. (5)

- (c) (i) State and prove the Rolle's theorem, and thus
- (ii) Apply it for f(x) = |x| 1, -1 < x < 1. (5)

(4,4)

### QUESTION B2 [20 Marks]

B2. (a) Evaluate

(i) 
$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1 - \sin x}{\cos x};$$

(ii) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\tan x - x}{x - \sin x}.$$

(b) (i) Write down Maclaurin's formula with its reminder.

(ii) Expand  $\sin x$  in Maclaurin's series.

(iii) Use quadratic approximation to compute  $\sin x$ , and estimate the error for small |x|.

(iv) In particular, compute  $\sin 0.06$  and estimate the error. (3,3,3,3)

## QUESTION B3 [20 Marks]

B3. (a) Apply the chain rule to evaluate  $f'_u$  and  $f'_v$  if  $f(x, y) = x^2 - y^2$ ,  $x = u^2 + v^2$ , y = 2uv. (6)

(b) Find and classify all stationary points of  $f(x, y) = x^2 - y^2 + 4x + 2y$ . (4)

(c) An experimental farm has 3600m of fencing to create a rectangular area that will be subdivided into four equal subregions. What is the largest total area that can be enclosed? (10)

### QUESTION B4 [20 Marks]

B4. (a) Compute the volume of solid under surface  $z = x^2 y$  and over the interior of the triangle with vertices (0,0), (0,1), (1,0). (6)

(b) Pass to polar coordinates to evaluate a double integral of  $\exp(x^2 + y^2)$  over the region D, where

$$D = \left\{ (x, y) : x > 0, y > 0, 1 < x^2 + y^2 < 9 \right\}.$$

(c) Compute a triple integral of  $f(x, y, z) = yz^2 \exp(xyz)$  over a region D, where D is a cube 0 < x < 1, 0 < y < 1, 0 < z < 1. (8)

#### QUESTION B5 [20 Marks]

B5. (a) Solve ODE with homogeneous coefficients

$$2(2x^2 + y^2)dx - xydy = 0.$$

(6)

(6)

(7)

(b) Test the ODE for exactness and solve it  $3x(xy-2)dx + (x^3+2y)dy = 0.$  (7) (c) Solve the initial value problem

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$$y'' + 4y' + 4y = 0$$
,  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(\dot{0}) = -1$ .

END OF EXAMINATION PAPER\_\_\_\_