## UNIVERSITY OF ESWATINI

## **FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES**

# **DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS**

## RE-SIT/ SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

## **JANUARY 2019**

TITLE OF PAPER:

STRUCTURE OF THE SWAZI ECONOMY I

**COURSE CODE:** 

ECO 421/ ECON 427

TIME ALLOWED:

2 HOURS

**INSTRUCTIONS:** 

ANSWER QUESTION ONE (1) AND ANY TWO (2)

**OTHER QUESTIONS** 

**QUESTION ONE CARRIES 40 MARKS.** 

THE REST OF THE QUESTIONS CARRY 30 MARKS

**EACH** 

## **SECTION A (Compulsory)**

(40 Marks)

## **Question One**

(a) Briefly state the pros and cons of Swaziland maintaining a fixed exchange rate peg to the South African Rand. [20]

#### **Question Two**

Discuss the factors that compromise the food security situation in Swaziland.

[20]

[9]

## **SECTION B (Choose One Question from this Section)**

(30 Marks Each)

## **Question Three**

- (a) Outline the different stages of economic integration. Give an example of each stage in your answer. [16]
- (b) Outline the balance sheet of the Central Bank and explain how it uses its assets and liabilities to determine the monetary base. [14]

#### **Question Four**

- (a) Compare the arguments for inflation targeting versus nominal income targeting as monetary policy regimes. [16]
- (b) What problems can arise from a fractional-reserve banking system? [5]
- (c) Briefly describe the 3 motives for holding money.

# **SECTION C (Choose One Question from this Section)**

(30 Marks Each)

[15]

## **Question Five**

What is meant by sustainable agriculture? Discuss any six policies that the Eswatini government can design and implement to promote sustainable agriculture. [30]

## **Question Six**

- a) Define the meaning of policy in its broadest sense and hence explain what is meant by agricultural price policy. [5]
- b) What are the main objectives of agricultural price policy?
- c) What could be the possible outcomes of agricultural price policy on the performance of a typical farmer in Eswatini? [10]