## UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

## SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION 2011/2012

TITLE OF PAPER : QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES
COURSE NUMBER ..... : MS 202
TIME ALLOWED : THREE (3) HOURS
INSTRUCTIONS : 1. THIS PAPER CONSISTS OFSEVEN QUESTIONS.
2. ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS.
3. NON PROGRAMMABLE CALCULATORS MAY BE USED.
SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS ..... NONE

## QUESTION 1

1. (a) Find and classify all critical points of the function

$$
f(x, y)=x^{3}+y^{3}-3 x-3 y
$$

[10 marks]
(b) Solve the linear system

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 x+y-2 z=-7 \\
&-x-y+3 z= 6 \\
& 2 x+2 y+z=
\end{aligned}
$$

using Gauss-Jordan elimination.
[10 marks]

## QUESTION 2

2. (a) Consider the following problem:

$$
\operatorname{Minimize} f(x, y)=x y-3 y
$$

subject to

$$
x-y=1
$$

i. Solve this problem using the method of Lagrange multipliers.
ii. Determine the minimum value of the function $f(x, y)$. [2 marks]
(b) An economy is based on 3 industries: mining, energy and clothing. Each $E 1$ in mining requires $50 c$ in energy, $20 c$ in clothing, and $E 1$ in clothing. Each $E 1$ in energy takes $80 c$ in energy and $40 c$ in clothing, while each $E 1$ in clothing uses $25 c$ in mining and $10 c$ in energy.
Find the production schedule for the economy if demand is for $E 10$ million in mining, $E 50$ million in energy, and $E 70$ million in clothing.

## QUESTION 3

3. A company manufactures desks and chairs. Each desk requires 1 hour of carpentry, 1 hour of painting and 2 hours of finishing. Similarly, a chair needs 2 hours of carpentry, 1 hour of painting and 1 hour of finishing. During each production period, the carpentry, painting and finishing departments can only work for up to 10 hours, 7 hours and 12 hours respectively. The company makes E40 profit per desk and E30 profit per chair.
(a) The problem is to determine the number of desks and chairs that should be made in order to maximize profits. Formulate this as a linear programming problem.
[8 marks]
(b) Solve linear programming problem by the simplex method.
[12 marks]

## QUESTION 4

4. Two dietary drinks are used to supply vitamin C and vitamin D . The first drink provides 2 units of vitamin C and 1 unit of vitamin D in each litre. The second drink supplies 7 units of vitamin $C$ and 2 units of vitamin D in each litre. An athlete requires 9 units of vitamin $C$ and 4 units of vitamin D. The first drink costs E3 per litre and the second costs E8 per litre.
(a) The problem is to find the amount of each drink the athlete should consume to minimize the cost and still meet the minimum dietary requirements. Formulate this as a linear programming problem.
[8 marks]
(b) Solve linear programming problem by maximizing the dual.

## QUESTION 5

5. A clothing company ships cotton from 3 farms, $A, B$ and $C$, to its 3 warehouses, $X, Y$ and $Z$. Table (1) shows the demand, availabilities and unit costs of transportation.

|  | $X$ | $Y$ | $Z$ | Availability |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $A$ | 10 | 12 | 9 | 40 |
| $B$ | 4 | 5 | 7 | 50 |
| $C$ | 11 | 8 | 6 | 60 |
| Demand | 70 | 50 | 30 |  |

Table 1: Demand, supply and unit cost values
Starting with the north-west corner solution and using the stepping-stone method, determine the transportation pattern that minimises the total cost. [20 marks]

## QUESTION 6

6. (a) A company wishes to assign 4 of its taxi drivers $1,2,3,4$ to 4 different routes $A, B, C, D$. The assignment costs are given as follows:

| Cost | A | B | C | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 90 | 75 | 75 | 80 |
| 2 | 35 | 85 | 55 | 65 |
| 3 | 125 | 95 | 90 | 105 |
| 4 | 45 | 110 | 95 | 115 |

Determine the optimal assignment schedule that minimizes the total cost.
[10 marks]
(b) A company has 4 employees $1,2,3,4$ to assign to 4 projects $A, B, C, D$ based on the following scores:

| Score | A | B | C | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 80 | 55 | 45 | 45 |
| 2 | 58 | 35 | 70 | 50 |
| 3 | 70 | 50 | 80 | 65 |
| 4 | 90 | 70 | 40 | 80 |

Determine the optimal assignment schedule that maximizes the total score.

## QUESTION 7

7. (a) A loan of $E 1500$ is due in 10 months with interest charged at $7.5 \%$ per annum. The debtor makes a first payment of $E 610$ in 4 months, followed by a payment of $E 530$ in 7 months. Find the balance payable on due date under the Merchant's rule.
[6 marks]
(b) A T.V set can be purchased using only one of two options. The first option is to pay $E 1300$ cash. The second option requires a down payment of $E 500$ followed by payments of $E 50$ every month for 24 months. If interest charged is at rate $6 \%$ compounded monthly, are the two options equivalent?
(c) What sum of money should be set aside to provide an income of E1200 every month for the next 3 years if the money earns interest at rate $12 \%$ compounded monthly?
[6 marks]
