## UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

## SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION PAPER 2014

| TITLE OF PAPER | : INFERENTIAL STATISTICS |
| :--- | :--- |
| COURSE CODE | $:$ ST 220 |
| TIME ALLOWED | $:$ TWO (2) HOURS |
| REQUIREMENTS | : CALCULATOR AND STATISTICAL TABLES |
| INSTRUCTIONS | $:$ THIS PAPER HAS FIVE (5) QUESTIONS. AN- |
|  | SWER ANY THREE (3) QUESTIONS. |

## Question 1

(a) In a diet test, each of four diet programs is applied to a sample of people. At the end of three weeks, the amount of pounds people lost are shown below.

| Diet Program |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | 19 | 16 | 28 |
| 6 | 10 | 20 | 17 |
| 18 | 13 | 26 | 22 |
| 23 | 20 | 19 | 16 |
|  | 25 |  | 20 |

Test to determine if there is enough evidence at the $5 \%$ significance level to infer that at least two population locations differ. State the hypothesis, critical region(s) and conclusions. Show all calculations.
(b) After a recent National Aids Awareness Campaign, a market research company conducted a countrywide survey on behalf of the Department of National Health. The brief was to establish whether the recall rate of teenagers differed from that of young adults between 20 and 30 years of age.
The market research company interviewed 640 teenagers and 420 young adults countrywide. Three hundred and sixty-two teenagers recalled the Aids Awareness slogan used during the campaign, and 260 young adults were able to recall the same Aids Awareness slogan of "Aids: don't let it happen".

Test, at the $5 \%$ level of significance, the hypothesis that there is an equal recall rate between teenagers and young adults.

## Question 2

## [20 marks, 8+4+4+4]

(a) Random samples are taken from two populations with distributions $N\left(\mu_{X}, \sigma^{2}\right)$ and $N\left(\mu_{Y}, \sigma^{2}\right)$ (i.e. their variances are the same). The summary statistics for the two samples are shown in the following Table:

|  | Sample <br> Size $n$ | Sample <br> Mean $m$ | Sample <br> Variance $s^{2}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| x-data | 19 | 7.0 | 1.69 |
| y-data | 25 | 5.1 | 2.56 |

Compute a $95 \%$ confidence interval for the difference $\mu_{X}-\mu_{Y}$ between the two population means. Does the result support the view that there is no true difference between the population means? (Explain your reasoning!)
(b) If $\sigma_{X}=1$, determine the number of observations required to ensure that at the $99 \%$ confidence level, $\bar{X}-0.1 \leq \mu \leq \bar{X}+0.1$ where

$$
\bar{X}=\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_{i}
$$

(c) A random sample of size 81 is taken from a population that has a mean of 24 and variance 324. Use the central limit theorem to determine the probability that the sample mean lies between 23.9 and 24.2.
(d) An aircraft maintenance company bought equipment for detecting structural defects in aircrafts. Tests indicate that $95 \%$ of the time the equipment detects defects when they actually exist, and $1 \%$ of the time it gives a false alarm that indicates the presence of a structural defect when in fact there is none. If $2 \%$ of the aircrafts actually have structural defects, what is the probability that an aircraft actually has a structural defect given that the equipment indicates that it has a structural defect?

## Question 3

## [20 marks, 8+7+1+4]

Students on an environmental science course are investigating nitrate pollution in a river in an agricultural region. The level of pollution becomes a cause for concern when the mean concentration of nitrate exceeds 30 milligrams per litre of water.

The river is divided into a large number of sections of equal length.
(a) One student takes samples of water at 8 randomly chosen locations along one of these sections and analyses the samples for nitrate concentration. Her results, in milligrams of nitrate per litre of water, are

$$
\begin{array}{llllllll}
30 & 34 & 34 & 37 & 28 & 30 & 34 & 35
\end{array}
$$

Carry out a test to investigate whether the nitrate pollution in this section of the river is a cause for concern. Assume that the data are drawn from a normal population, and use the $1 \%$ significance level.
(b) The students carry out similar investigations to that in part (a) on 42 sections. Their tests indicate that the mean concentration of nitrate exceeds 30 milligrams per litre of water in 16 sections.
(i) Carry out a test, at the $1 \%$ significance level, to determine whether the level of nitrate concentration is a cause for concern in less than 60 per cent of sections of this river.
(ii) State one assumption that must be made for your conclusion in part (b)(i) to be valid.
(iii) Construct the $95 \%$ confidence interval for the proportion of sections which are not polluted.

## Question 4

(a) Alpha Technologies, an electronics retail company in Manzini, has kept records of the number of ipods sold within a week of placing advertisements in the Times of Swaziland. The following table shows the number of ipods sold, and the corresponding number of advertisements placed in the Times of Swaziland for 12 randomly selected weeks over the past year.

| Ads | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales | 26 | 28 | 24 | 18 | 35 | 24 | 36 | 25 | 31 | 37 | 30 | 32 |

(i) Estimate the linear regression line ( $\sum x=44, \sum y=346, \sum x^{2}=174, \sum x y=1324$ and $\sum y^{2}=10336$ ).
(ii) Is the relationship between the number of newspaper advertisements placed and ipod sales meaningful? Use $\alpha=0.05$.
(b) In 2001, the Supreme Court, by a vote of 8-0, struck down state laws that legalized marijuana for medicinal purposes. The Gallup Organization later conducted surveys of randomly selected individuals ( $18+$ years) and asked them whether they support the limited use of marijuana when prescribed by physicians to relive pain and suffering. The results of the survey by age group, are as follows:

|  | Age |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Opinion | $\mathbf{1 8 - 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 - 4 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 +}$ |
| For | 172 | 313 | 258 |
| Against | 52 | 103 | 119 |

Is there evidence to indicate that the proportions of individuals in each age group who are for the legalization of marijuana for medicinal use if different at the $\alpha=0.01$ level of significance.
(c) A box contains red and white balls in an unknown proportion. A random sample of 60 balls selected with replacement from the box showed that $70 \%$ were red. Find the $95 \%$ confidence limits for the actual proportion of red balls in the box.

## Question 5

(a) Tins of baked beans are packed into boxes of 24 . Results from a random sample of 25 boxes delivered to supermarkets show that a total of 8 tines were damaged. Assess the claim that less than $2 \%$ of tins are damaged during delivery.
(b) You need to build a bench that will seat 18 male college football players, and you mush first determine the length of the bench. Man have hip breadths that are normally distributed with a mean of 36 cm and a standard deviation of 2.5 cm . What is the minimum length of the bench if you want a 0.975 probability that it will fit the combined hip breadths of 18 randomly selected men?
(c) Replacement times for TV sets are normally distributed with a mean of 8.2 years and a standard deviation of 1.1 years.
(i) Find the probability that a randomly selected TV will have a replacement time less than 5.0 years.
(ii) If you want to provide a warranty so that only $1 \%$ of the TV sets will be replaced before the warranty expires, what is the time length of the warranty?
nenit A.
Cumulative Standaralized Normal Distribution
$A(z)$ is the integral of the standardized nornal

 being more than $s$ stand derd deviations above it
mean. Values of $z$ of particular importance:



| $\%$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| \% |  |
| 5 |  |
| $\%$ |  |
| $\dot{a}$ |  |
| \|a |  |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{E}}$ |  |
| \% |  |
| $\stackrel{\square}{\circ}$ |  |
| 8 |  |
|  |  |

Percentage Points of the $t$-Distribution


|  | Percentage points $P$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10 | 5 | 2.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.05 |
| 1 | 3.078 | 6.314 | ${ }^{12.706}$ | 31.821 | 63.657 | 318.309 | ${ }^{636.619}$ |
| 2 | 1.886 | 2.920 | 4.303 | 6.965 | 9.925 | ${ }^{22.327}$ | 31.599 |
| 3 | 1.638 | 2.353 | ${ }^{3.182}$ | 4.541 | 5.841 | ${ }^{10.215}$ | 12.924 |
| 4 | 1.533 | 2.132 | 2.776 | 3.74 | 4.604 | 7.173 | 8.610 |
| 5 | 1.476 | 2.015 | 2.571 | 3.365 | 4.032 | 5.893 | 6.869 |
| 6 | 1.440 | 1.943 | 2.447 | 3.143 | 3.707 | 5.208 | 5.859 |
| 7 | 1.415 | 1.895 | 2.365 | 2.998 | 3.499 | 4785 | 5.408 |
| 8 | 1.397 | 1.850 | 2.306 | 2.896 | 3.35 | 4.501 | 5.041 |
| 9 | 1.383 | 1.833 | 2.262 | 2.821 | ${ }^{3.250}$ | 4297 | 4.781 |
| 10 | 1.372 | 1.812 | 2.228 | 2.784 | 3.169 | 4.144 | 4.587 |
| 11 | 1.363 | 1.796 | 2.201 | 2.718 | 3.106 | 4.025 | 4.437 |
| 12 | 1.356 | 1.782 | 2.179 | 2.881 | 3.055 | 3.930 | 4.318 |
| 13 | 1.350 | 1.771 | 2.160 | 2.650 | 3.012 | 3.852 | 4.221 |
| 14 | 1.345 | 1.761 | 2.145 | 2.624 | 2.977 | 3.787 | 4.140 |
| 15 | 1.341 | 1.753 | 2.131 | 2.602 | 2.947 | 3.733 | 4.073 |
| 18 | 1.337 | 1.746 | 2.120 | 2.583 | 2.921 | 3.686 | 4.015 |
| 18 | 1.330 | 1.734 | 2.101 | 2.552 | 2.878 | 3.610 | 3.922 |
| 21 | 1.323 | 1.721 | 2.880 | 2.518 | 2.831 | 3.527 | 3.819 |
| 25 | 1.316 | 1.708 | 2.060 | 2.485 | 2.787 | 3.450 | 3.725 |
| 30 | 1.310 | 1.697 | 2.042 | 2.457 | 2.750 | ${ }^{3.385}$ | 3.646 |
| 40 | 1.303 | 1.684 | 2.021 | 2.423 | 2.704 | 3.307 | 3.551 |
| 50 | 1.299 | 1.676 | 2.009 | 2.403 | 2.678 | 3.261 | ${ }^{3.496}$ |
| 70 | 1.294 | 1.667 | 1.994 | 2.381 | 2.048 | 3.211 | ${ }^{3.435}$ |
| 00 | 1.290 | 1.680 | 1.984 | 2.364 | ${ }^{2.626}$ | ${ }^{3.174}$ | ${ }^{3.390}$ |
| $\infty$ | 1.282 | 1.645 | 1.9 | 2.326 | 76 | 3.090 | 3.291 |

Percentage Points of the $\chi^{2}$-Distribution
$a$


|  | Percentage points $P$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10 | 5 | 2.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.05 |
| 1 | 2.706 | 3.841 | 5.024 | ${ }^{6.635}$ | 7.879 | 10.828 | ${ }^{12.116}$ |
| 2 | 4.605 | 5.991 | 7.378 | 9.210 | 10.597 | 13.81 | 15.202 |
| 3 | 6.251 | 7.815 | 9.348 | 11.345 | 12.838 | 16.2 | 730 |
| 4 | 7.779 | 9.488 | 11.143 | 13.27 | 14.860 | 18.467 | 19.997 |
| 5 | ${ }_{9} 9.236$ | 11.070 | 12.833 | 15.086 | 16.750 | 20.515 | 22.105 |
| - | 10.845 | 12.592 | 14.449 | 16.812 | 18.548 | 22.458 | 24.103 |
| 7 | 12.0 | 14.067 | 16.013 | 18.475 | 20.278 | 24.322 | 26.018 |
| 8 | 13.362 | 15.507 | 17.535 | 20.090 | 21.955 | 26.124 | 27.868 |
| 9 | 14.884 | 10.919 | 19.023 | 21.666 | 23.589 | 27.877 | 29.666 |
| 10 | 15.987 | 18.307 | 20.483 | 23.209 | 25.188 | 29.588 | 31.420 |
| 11 | 17.275 | 19.675 | 21.920 | 24.725 | 26.757 | 31.264 | . 137 |
| 12 | 18.549 | 21.026 | 23.337 | 26.217 | 28.300 | 32.909 | . 821 |
| 13 | 19.812 | 22.362 | 24.736 | 27.688 | 29.819 | ${ }^{34.528}$ | .478 |
| 14 | 21.064 | 23.685 | 26.119 | 29.141 | 31.319 | ${ }^{36.123}$ | 38.10 |
| 15 | 22.307 | 24.996 | 27.488 | 30.578 | 32.801 | 37.697 | 39.719 |
| 18 | 23.542 | 26.298 | 28.845 | 32.000 | 34.267 | ${ }^{39.252}$ | 11.3 |
| 17 | 24.769 | 27.587 | 30.191 | 33.409 | 35.718 | 40.790 | 42.879 |
| 18 | 25.989 | 28.869 | ${ }^{31.526}$ | 34.805 | 37.156 | 42.312 | 44.434 |
| 18 | 27.204 | 30.144 | 32.852 | 36.191 | 38.582 | 43.820 | 45.973 |
| 20 | 28.412 | 31.410 | 34.170 | 37.566 | 39.997 | 45.315 | 47.498 |
| 25 | 34.382 | 37.652 | 40.646 | 44.314 | 46.928 | 52.620 | 47 |
| 30 | 40.256 | 43.73 | 46.979 | 50.892 | 53.672 | 59.703 | 62.162 |
| 40 | 51.805 | 55.758 | 59.342 | ${ }^{63.691}$ | 66.766 | 73.402 | 76.095 |
| 50 | 63.167 | 67.505 | 71.420 | 76.154 | 79.490 | 86.661 | 89.561 |
| 80 | 96.578 | 101.8 | 106.629 | 112.329 | 116.321 | 124.839 | 128.261 |

$\begin{array}{ccccccc}\text { 63.167 } & 67.505 & 71.420 & 76.154 & 79.490 & 86.661 & 89.561 \\ & 96.578 & 101.879 & 100.629 & 112.329 & 116.321 & 124.839 \\ 128.261\end{array}$


| $\nu_{2}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | $\nu_{1}$ | 6 | 12 | 24 | $\infty$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 18.513 | 19.000 | 19.164 | 19.247 | 19.296 | 19.330 | 19.413 | 19.454 | 6 |
| 3 | 10.128 | 9.552 | 9.277 | 9.117 | 9.013 | 8.941 | 8.745 | 8.639 | 8.526 |
| 4 | 7.709 | 6.944 | ${ }^{6.591}$ | 6.338 | ${ }^{6.256}$ | ${ }^{6.163}$ | 5.912 | 5.774 | 5.588 |
| 5 | 6.008 | 5.786 | 5.409 | 5.192 | 5.050 | 4.950 | 4.678 | 4.527 | 4.365 |
| 6 | 5.887 | 5.143 | 4.757 | 4.534 | 4.387 | 4.284 | 4.000 | 3.841 | 3.669 |
| 7 | 5.591 | 4.737 | 4.347 | 4.120 | 3.972 | ${ }^{3.866}$ | 3.575 | 3.410 | 3.230 |
| 8 | 5.318 | 4.459 | ${ }^{4} .066$ | 3.838 | 3.687 | ${ }^{3.581}$ | 3.284 | 3.115 | 2.928 |
| 9 | 5.117 | 4.256 | 3.863 | 3.633 | 3.482 | 3.374 | 3.073 | 2.900 | 2.707 |
| 10 | 4.96 | 4.103 | 3.708 | 3.478 | 3.326 | 3.217 | 2.913 | 2.737 | 2.538 |
| 11 | 4.844 | 3.982 | 3.587 | 3.357 | 3.204 | 3.095 | 2.788 | 2.609 | 2.404 |
| 12 | 4.747 | 3.885 | 3.490 | 3.259 | 3.106 | 2.996 | 2.687 | 2.505 | ${ }^{2.296}$ |
| 13 | 4.667 | 3.880 | 3.411 | 3.179 | 3.025 | 2.915 | 2.604 | 2.420 | 2.206 |
| 14 | 4.600 | 3.739 | 3.344 | 3.112 | 2.958 | 2.848 | 2.534 | 2.349 | 2.131 |
| 15 | 4.543 | 3.682 | 3.287 | 3.056 | 2.901 | 2.790 | 2.475 | 2.288 | 2.066 |
| 16 | 4.494 | 3.634 | 3.239 | 3.007 | 2.852 | 2.741 | 2.425 | 2.235 | 2.010 |
| 17 | 4.451 | 3.592 | ${ }^{3.197}$ | 2.965 | 2.810 | 2.659 | 2.381 | 2.150 | 1.960 |
| 18 | 4.414 | 3.555 | 3.160 | 2.928 | 2.773 | 2.661 | 2.342 | 2.150 | 1.917 |
| 19 | 4.381 | 3.522 | ${ }^{3.127}$ | 2.895 | 2.740 | 2.628 | 2.308 | 2.114 | 1.878 |
| 20 | 4.351 | 3.493 | 3.098 | 2.866 | 2.711 | 2.599 | 2.278 | 2.082 | 1.84 |
| 25 | 4.242 | 3.385 | 2.991 | 2.759 | 2.603 | 2.490 | 2.165 | 1.964 | 1.711 |
| 30 | 4.171 | 3.316 | 2.922 | 2.690 | 2.534 | ${ }^{2.421}$ | ${ }^{2.092}$ | 1.887 | 1.152 |
| 40 | 4.085 | 3.232 | 2.839 | 2.608 | 2.449 | 2.336 | 2.003 | 1.793 | 1.509 |
| 50 | 4.034 | ${ }^{3.183}$ | 2.790 | 2.557 | 2.400 | 2.288 | 1.952 | 1.737 | 1.438 |
| 100 | 3.936 | 3.087 | 2.696 | 2.463 | 2.305 | 2.191 | 1.850 | 1.627 | 1.283 |

