

UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND



EXAMINATION PAPER 2015

TITLE OF PAPER : **TOPICS IN STATISTICS
(STATISTICAL MODELLING)**

COURSE CODE : **ST 405**

TIME ALLOWED : **TWO (2) HOURS**

REQUIREMENTS : **CALCULATOR AND STATISTICAL TABLES**

INSTRUCTIONS : **ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS**

Question 1

Suppose that there are two categorical explanatory variables, sex (male or female) and handedness (right- or left-handed). Suppose that people, coming to a shopping centre, are investigated: their sex is registered and they are asked about being left- or right-handed. Let probabilities that a person, coming to the centre, is MR, ML, FR, and FL (MR means male, right-handed etc.) are θ_{11} , θ_{12} , θ_{21} , and θ_{22} respectively. Denote Y_{11} , Y_{12} , Y_{21} , and Y_{22} the number of MR, ML, FR, and FL

- (i) among first 1000 people,
- (ii) coming during the day.

Suppose that people come independently of each other, and that the total number of people, coming during the day, has the Poisson distribution with parameter λ .

- a) Find the distribution of $Y = [Y_{11}, Y_{12}, Y_{21}, Y_{22}]$ in case (i) and in case (ii). (10 Marks)
- b) Suppose that design (i) is used, and results of the investigation are presented in the contingency table below. The question of interest is whether there is an association between sex and handedness. Examine this by testing the hypothesis that the variables are independent.

	Right-handed	Left-handed
Male	430	90
Female	440	40

(10 Marks)

Question 2

X_1 and X_2 are two independent random variables having the same distribution with the probability density function

$$f(x; \theta) = \theta x^{\theta-1} I_{(0,1)}(x), \theta > 0$$

Let $Y = \max\{X_1, X_2\}$.

- a) Does the distribution of Y belong to the exponential family? (8 Marks)
- b) Show that $E(\ln Y) = -\frac{1}{2\theta}$. (12 Marks)

Question 3

A bus driver wants to model how many passengers he gets from the bus stop close to the student home. He can think of three explanatory variables; which route it is (8 am or 9 am), if it is during the semester or not, and the temperature. He has data for 20 days, given in the table below. He consider three different models, all analyzed in **R** (see edited printout in **APPENDIX**); *model 1* gives **result1**, *model 2* gives **result2** and *model 3* gives **result3**.

	Passengers	Route	Semester	Temperature
1	3	8am	semester	8.8
2	1	9am	non-semester	11.5
3	1	8am	non-semester	12.0
4	3	8am	semester	14.8
5	0	8am	non-semester	-1.2
6	0	8am	non-semester	7.8
7	0	8am	non-semester	6.9
8	1	9am	non-semester	7.5
9	6	8am	semester	7.7
10	2	8am	semester	5.5
11	1	8am	non-semester	13.7
12	1	8am	non-semester	13.1
13	0	9am	non-semester	14.2
14	2	9am	non-semester	0.2
15	4	8am	non-semester	-4.7
16	0	9am	non-semester	26.3
17	3	9am	semester	3.1
18	2	8am	semester	-4.0
19	1	9am	non-semester	18.4
20	2	8am	non-semester	-5.0

- a) Set up the generalized linear model (GLM) used for *model1* mathematically, specify assumptions, and specify the design matrix X for the first 6 observations. Also specify which strategy that is used to ensure identifiability, and discuss briefly alternative(s). Explain, mathematically and with words, what model the R notation **temp*semester** gives (as in *model 2*).

(6 Marks)

- b) Consider *model 1*. Based on the results from **R**:

- (i) What is the expected number of passengers for the 9 am route, during the semester when it is 5.4 degrees C?
- (ii) What is the expected number of passengers for the 8 am route, during non-semester when it is -15.2 degrees C?

(4 Marks)

- c) We now want to compare models: Which of the models, *model 1*, *model 2* or *model 3*, would you prefer. Why?

(4 Marks)

- d) Let Y_1, \dots, Y_N be independent responses with $Y_i \sim \text{Po}(\lambda_i)$. For the model of interest, with $p < N$ parameters, let \hat{y}_i be the fitted values based on the maximum likelihood estimates. Find an expression, based on y_i and \hat{y}_i , for the deviance in this case.

(6 Marks)

Question 4

The probability density function for a negative binomial random variable is

$$f_y(y; \theta, r) = \frac{\Gamma(y + r)}{y! \Gamma(r)} (1 - \theta)^r \theta^y$$

for $y = 0, 1, 2, \dots$, $r > 0$ and $\theta \in (0, 1)$, and where $\Gamma(\cdot)$ denotes the gamma function. (There are also other parameterizations of the negative binomial distributions, but use this for now.)

- a) Show that the negative binomial distribution is a member of the exponential family. You can in this question consider r as a known constant.

(8 Marks)

- b) Use the general formulas for an exponential family to show that $E(Y) = \mu = r \frac{\theta}{1-\theta}$ and $\text{Var}(Y) = \mu \frac{\theta}{1-\theta}$.

(4 Marks)

- c) Set up a GLM for the dataset in Question 3 with a negative binomial response function and a linear component similar to that in *model 1*. Argue for your choice of link-function. What role does r have? In which situations could it be beneficial to use a negative binomial response function instead of a Poisson response function? Why?

(8 Marks)

Question 5

- a) If the density function for survival times is $f(t)$, what is the survival function $S(t)$?

(5 Marks)

- b) 150 female rats were bought in 50 litters of 3 and randomly given a placebo (2 rats per litter) or a new drug (1 rat per litter). The rats were followed for 4 months, and the time at which they developed tumours was recorded. Some rats died without developing tumours and were recorded as right-censored at the time of death. The following **R** commands and output have been used to test whether rats given the drug have the same survival function as those given the placebo.

```

> survdiff(Surv(t,delta)~treat)
Call:
survdiff(formula = Surv(t, delta) ~ treat)

           N Observed Expected (O-E)^2/E (O-E)^2/V
treat=0 100         19    27.5      2.65      8.6
treat=1  50         21    12.5      5.86      8.6

Chisq= 8.6 on 1 degrees of freedom, p= 0.00337

```

```

> coxph(Surv(t,delta)~treat)
Call:
coxph(formula = Surv(t, delta) ~ treat)

```

```

           coef exp(coef) se(coef)      z      p
treat 0.905      2.47    0.318 2.85 0.0044

```

Likelihood ratio test=7.97 on 1 df, p=0.00474 n= 150

What do you conclude?

(15 Marks)

Question 6

If individual i has two continuous covariates x_i and y_i , the Cox proportional hazards model with no interaction between x_i and y_i can be written

$$h(t, x_i, y_i) = h_0(t, \alpha) \exp\{\beta_x x_i + \beta_y y_i\}$$

- What is the hazard ratio comparing an individual with covariates $(x_1; y)$ to one with covariates $(x_2; y)$? Notice that the two individuals have the same value of the y covariate. (10 Marks)
- Write down the corresponding Cox proportional hazards model with an interaction between x_i and y_i . What is the hazard ratio comparing an individual with covariates $(x_1; y)$ to one with covariates $(x_2; y)$? now? (10 Marks)

APPENDIX

```
> result1 = glm(Passengers~temp+semester, family=poisson(link="log"))
> summary(result1)
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)
(Intercept)	0.25406	0.30667	0.828	0.40741
temp	-0.03451	0.02462	-1.401	0.16107
semestersemester	1.08499	0.35365	3.068	0.00216 **

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Null deviance: 30.406 on 19 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 17.677 on 17 degrees of freedom
AIC: 62.03

```
> result2 = glm(Passengers~temp*semester, family=poisson(link="log"))
> summary(result2)
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)
(Intercept)	0.44315	0.29124	1.522	0.1281
temp	-0.07445	0.03384	-2.200	0.0278 *
semestersemester	0.54611	0.46383	1.177	0.2390
temp:semestersemester	0.10002	0.05316	1.881	0.0599 .

Null deviance: 30.406 on 19 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 13.981 on 16 degrees of freedom
AIC: 60.334

```
> result3 = glm(Passengers~temp+semester+route, family=poisson(link="log"))
> summary(result3)
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)
(Intercept)	0.28227	0.32780	0.861	0.38918
temp	-0.03345	0.02501	-1.338	0.18095
semestersemester	1.06849	0.36035	2.965	0.00303 **
route9am	-0.09713	0.42224	-0.230	0.81806

Null deviance: 30.406 on 19 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 17.623 on 16 degrees of freedom
AIC: 63.976

Normal Distribution

Table C-1. Cumulative Probabilities of the Standard Normal Distribution.

Entry is area A under the standard normal curve from $-\infty$ to $z(A)$



z	A									
	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
.0	.5000	.5040	.5080	.5120	.5160	.5199	.5239	.5279	.5319	.5359
.1	.5398	.5438	.5477	.5517	.5557	.5596	.5636	.5675	.5714	.5753
.2	.5793	.5832	.5871	.5910	.5948	.5987	.6026	.6064	.6103	.6141
.3	.6179	.6217	.6255	.6293	.6331	.6368	.6406	.6443	.6480	.6517
.4	.6554	.6591	.6628	.6664	.6700	.6736	.6772	.6808	.6844	.6879
.5	.6915	.6950	.6985	.7019	.7054	.7088	.7123	.7157	.7190	.7224
.6	.7257	.7291	.7324	.7357	.7389	.7422	.7454	.7486	.7517	.7549
.7	.7580	.7611	.7642	.7673	.7704	.7734	.7764	.7794	.7823	.7852
.8	.7881	.7910	.7939	.7967	.7995	.8023	.8051	.8078	.8106	.8133
.9	.8159	.8186	.8212	.8238	.8264	.8289	.8315	.8340	.8365	.8389
1.0	.8413	.8438	.8461	.8485	.8508	.8531	.8554	.8577	.8599	.8621
1.1	.8643	.8665	.8686	.8708	.8729	.8749	.8770	.8790	.8810	.8830
1.2	.8849	.8869	.8888	.8907	.8925	.8944	.8962	.8980	.8997	.9015
1.3	.9032	.9049	.9066	.9082	.9099	.9115	.9131	.9147	.9162	.9177
1.4	.9192	.9207	.9222	.9236	.9251	.9265	.9279	.9292	.9306	.9319
1.5	.9332	.9345	.9357	.9370	.9382	.9394	.9406	.9418	.9429	.9441
1.6	.9452	.9463	.9474	.9484	.9495	.9505	.9515	.9525	.9535	.9543
1.7	.9554	.9564	.9573	.9582	.9591	.9599	.9608	.9616	.9625	.9633
1.8	.9641	.9649	.9656	.9664	.9671	.9678	.9686	.9693	.9699	.9706
1.9	.9713	.9719	.9726	.9732	.9738	.9744	.9750	.9756	.9761	.9767
2.0	.9772	.9778	.9783	.9788	.9793	.9798	.9803	.9808	.9812	.9817
2.1	.9821	.9826	.9830	.9834	.9838	.9842	.9846	.9850	.9854	.9857
2.2	.9861	.9864	.9868	.9871	.9875	.9878	.9881	.9884	.9887	.9890
2.3	.9893	.9896	.9898	.9901	.9904	.9906	.9909	.9911	.9913	.9916
2.4	.9918	.9920	.9922	.9925	.9927	.9929	.9931	.9932	.9934	.9936
2.5	.9938	.9940	.9941	.9943	.9945	.9946	.9948	.9949	.9951	.9952
2.6	.9953	.9955	.9956	.9957	.9959	.9960	.9961	.9962	.9963	.9964
2.7	.9965	.9966	.9967	.9968	.9969	.9970	.9971	.9972	.9973	.9974
2.8	.9974	.9975	.9976	.9977	.9977	.9978	.9979	.9979	.9980	.9981
2.9	.9981	.9982	.9982	.9983	.9984	.9984	.9985	.9985	.9986	.9986
3.0	.9987	.9987	.9987	.9988	.9988	.9989	.9989	.9989	.9990	.9990
3.1	.9990	.9991	.9991	.9991	.9992	.9992	.9992	.9992	.9993	.9993
3.2	.9993	.9993	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9995	.9995	.9995	.9995
3.3	.9995	.9995	.9995	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9997
3.4	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9998

Chi-Square Distribution

Table C-2. Percentiles of the χ^2 Distribution

Entry is $\chi^2(A; \nu)$ where $P(\chi^2(\nu) \leq \chi^2(A; \nu)) = A$



ν	A									
	.005	.010	.025	.050	.100	.900	.950	.975	.990	.995
1	0.00393	0.00446	0.00540	0.00675	0.01351	2.71	3.84	5.02	6.63	7.88
2	0.01000	0.02000	0.05000	0.10300	0.21100	4.61	5.99	7.38	9.21	10.60
3	0.07200	0.11500	0.21600	0.35200	0.58400	6.25	7.81	9.35	11.34	12.84
4	0.20900	0.29700	0.48400	0.71100	1.06400	7.78	9.49	11.14	13.28	14.86
5	0.41200	0.55400	0.83100	1.14500	1.61000	9.24	11.07	12.83	15.09	16.75
6	0.67600	0.87200	1.24000	1.64000	2.20000	10.64	12.59	14.45	16.81	18.55
7	0.98900	1.24000	1.69000	2.17000	2.83000	12.02	14.07	16.01	18.48	20.28
8	1.34000	1.65000	2.18000	2.73000	3.49000	13.36	15.51	17.53	20.09	21.96
9	1.73000	2.09000	2.70000	3.33000	4.17000	14.68	16.92	19.02	21.67	23.59
10	2.16000	2.56000	3.25000	3.94000	4.87000	15.99	18.31	20.48	23.21	25.19
11	2.60000	3.05000	3.82000	4.57000	5.58000	17.28	19.68	21.92	24.73	26.76
12	3.07000	3.57000	4.40000	5.23000	6.30000	18.55	21.03	23.34	26.22	28.30
13	3.57000	4.11000	5.01000	5.89000	7.04000	19.81	22.36	24.74	27.69	29.82
14	4.07000	4.66000	5.63000	6.57000	7.79000	21.06	23.68	26.12	29.14	31.32
15	4.60000	5.23000	6.26000	7.26000	8.55000	22.31	25.00	27.49	30.58	32.80
16	5.14000	5.81000	6.91000	7.96000	9.31000	23.54	26.30	28.85	32.00	34.27
17	5.70000	6.41000	7.54000	8.67000	10.09000	24.77	27.59	30.19	33.41	35.72
18	6.26000	7.01000	8.23000	9.39000	10.86000	25.99	28.87	31.53	34.81	37.16
19	6.84000	7.63000	8.91000	10.12000	11.65000	27.20	30.14	32.85	36.19	38.58
20	7.43000	8.26000	9.59000	10.85000	12.44000	28.41	31.41	34.17	37.57	40.00
21	8.03000	8.90000	10.28000	11.59000	13.24000	29.62	32.67	35.48	38.93	41.40
22	8.64000	9.54000	10.98000	12.34000	14.04000	30.81	33.92	36.78	40.29	42.80
23	9.26000	10.20000	11.69000	13.09000	14.85000	32.01	35.17	38.08	41.64	44.18
24	9.89000	10.86000	12.40000	13.85000	15.66000	33.20	36.42	39.36	42.98	45.56
25	10.52000	11.52000	13.12000	14.61000	16.47000	34.38	37.65	40.65	44.31	46.93
26	11.16000	12.20000	13.84000	15.38000	17.29000	35.56	38.89	41.92	45.64	48.29
27	11.81000	12.88000	14.57000	16.15000	18.11000	36.74	40.11	43.19	46.96	49.64
28	12.46000	13.56000	15.31000	16.93000	18.94000	37.92	41.34	44.46	48.28	50.99
29	13.12000	14.26000	16.03000	17.71000	19.77000	39.09	42.56	45.72	49.59	52.34
30	13.79000	14.95000	16.79000	18.49000	20.60000	40.28	43.77	46.98	50.89	53.67
40	20.71000	22.16000	24.43000	26.51000	29.05000	51.81	55.76	59.34	63.69	66.77
50	27.99000	29.71000	32.36000	34.76000	37.69000	63.17	67.50	71.42	76.15	79.49
60	33.53000	37.48000	40.48000	43.19000	46.46000	74.40	79.08	83.30	88.38	91.95
70	43.28000	45.44000	48.76000	51.74000	53.33000	85.53	90.53	93.02	100.4	104.2
80	51.17000	53.54000	57.15000	60.39000	64.28000	96.58	101.9	106.6	112.3	116.3
90	59.20000	61.75000	65.65000	69.13000	73.29000	107.6	113.1	118.1	124.1	128.3
100	67.33000	70.06000	74.22000	77.93000	82.36000	118.5	124.3	129.6	135.8	140.2

Student's Distribution (t Distribution)

Table C-4 Percentiles of the t Distribution

Entry is $t(A; \nu)$ where $P\{t(\nu) \leq t(A; \nu)\} = A$



ν	A						
	.60	.70	.80	.85	.90	.95	.975
1	0.325	0.727	1.376	1.963	3.078	6.314	12.706
2	0.289	0.617	1.061	1.386	1.886	2.920	4.303
3	0.277	0.584	0.978	1.250	1.638	2.353	3.182
4	0.271	0.569	0.941	1.190	1.533	2.132	2.776
5	0.267	0.559	0.920	1.156	1.476	2.015	2.571
6	0.265	0.553	0.906	1.134	1.440	1.943	2.447
7	0.263	0.549	0.896	1.119	1.415	1.895	2.365
8	0.262	0.546	0.889	1.108	1.397	1.860	2.306
9	0.261	0.543	0.883	1.100	1.383	1.833	2.262
10	0.260	0.542	0.879	1.093	1.372	1.812	2.228
11	0.260	0.540	0.876	1.088	1.363	1.796	2.201
12	0.259	0.539	0.873	1.083	1.356	1.782	2.179
13	0.259	0.537	0.870	1.079	1.350	1.771	2.160
14	0.258	0.537	0.868	1.076	1.345	1.761	2.145
15	0.258	0.536	0.866	1.074	1.341	1.753	2.131
16	0.258	0.535	0.865	1.071	1.337	1.746	2.120
17	0.257	0.534	0.863	1.069	1.333	1.740	2.110
18	0.257	0.534	0.862	1.067	1.330	1.734	2.101
19	0.257	0.533	0.861	1.066	1.328	1.729	2.093
20	0.257	0.533	0.860	1.064	1.325	1.725	2.086
21	0.257	0.532	0.859	1.063	1.323	1.721	2.080
22	0.256	0.532	0.858	1.061	1.321	1.717	2.074
23	0.256	0.532	0.858	1.060	1.319	1.714	2.069
24	0.256	0.531	0.857	1.059	1.318	1.711	2.064
25	0.256	0.531	0.856	1.058	1.316	1.708	2.060
26	0.256	0.531	0.856	1.058	1.315	1.706	2.056
27	0.256	0.531	0.855	1.057	1.314	1.703	2.052
28	0.256	0.530	0.855	1.056	1.313	1.701	2.048
29	0.256	0.530	0.854	1.055	1.311	1.699	2.045
30	0.256	0.530	0.854	1.055	1.310	1.697	2.042
40	0.255	0.529	0.851	1.050	1.303	1.684	2.021
60	0.254	0.527	0.848	1.045	1.296	1.671	2.000
120	0.254	0.526	0.845	1.041	1.289	1.658	1.980
∞	0.253	0.524	0.842	1.036	1.282	1.645	1.960

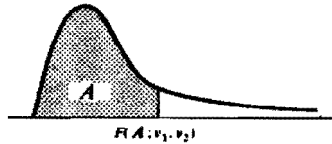
Table C-4 (Continued) Percentiles of the t Distribution

ν	A						
	.98	.985	.99	.9925	.995	.9975	.9995
1	15.895	21.205	31.821	42.434	63.657	127.322	636.590
2	4.849	5.643	6.965	8.073	9.925	14.089	31.598
3	3.482	3.896	4.541	5.047	5.841	7.453	12.924
4	2.999	3.298	3.747	4.088	4.604	5.598	8.610
5	2.757	3.003	3.365	3.634	4.032	4.773	6.869
6	2.612	2.829	3.143	3.372	3.707	4.317	5.959
7	2.517	2.715	2.998	3.203	3.499	4.029	5.408
8	2.449	2.634	2.896	3.085	3.355	3.833	5.041
9	2.398	2.574	2.821	2.998	3.250	3.690	4.781
10	2.359	2.527	2.764	2.932	3.169	3.581	4.587
11	2.328	2.491	2.718	2.879	3.106	3.497	4.437
12	2.303	2.461	2.681	2.836	3.055	3.428	4.318
13	2.282	2.436	2.630	2.801	3.012	3.372	4.221
14	2.264	2.415	2.624	2.771	2.977	3.326	4.140
15	2.249	2.397	2.602	2.746	2.947	3.286	4.073
16	2.235	2.382	2.583	2.724	2.921	3.252	4.015
17	2.224	2.368	2.567	2.706	2.898	3.222	3.965
18	2.214	2.356	2.552	2.689	2.878	3.197	3.922
19	2.205	2.346	2.539	2.674	2.861	3.174	3.883
20	2.197	2.336	2.528	2.661	2.845	3.153	3.849
21	2.189	2.328	2.518	2.649	2.831	3.135	3.819
22	2.183	2.320	2.508	2.639	2.819	3.119	3.792
23	2.177	2.313	2.500	2.629	2.807	3.104	3.768
24	2.172	2.307	2.492	2.620	2.797	3.091	3.745
25	2.167	2.301	2.485	2.612	2.787	3.078	3.725
26	2.162	2.296	2.479	2.605	2.779	3.067	3.707
27	2.158	2.291	2.473	2.598	2.771	3.057	3.690
28	2.154	2.286	2.467	2.592	2.763	3.047	3.674
29	2.150	2.282	2.462	2.586	2.756	3.038	3.659
30	2.147	2.278	2.457	2.581	2.750	3.030	3.646
40	2.123	2.250	2.423	2.542	2.704	2.971	3.551
60	2.099	2.223	2.390	2.504	2.660	2.915	3.460
120	2.076	2.196	2.358	2.468	2.617	2.860	3.373
∞	2.054	2.170	2.326	2.432	2.576	2.807	3.291

F Distribution

Table C-5 Percentiles of the F Distribution

Entry is $F(A; \nu_1, \nu_2)$ where $P\{F(\nu_1, \nu_2) \leq F(A; \nu_1, \nu_2)\} = A$



$$F(A; \nu_1, \nu_2) = \frac{1}{F(1-A; \nu_2, \nu_1)}$$

Table C-5 (Continued) Percentiles of the F Distribution

Den. df	A	Numerator df								
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	.50	1.00	1.50	1.71	1.82	1.89	1.94	1.98	2.00	2.03
	.90	39.9	49.5	53.6	55.8	57.2	58.2	58.9	59.4	59.9
	.95	161	200	216	225	230	234	237	239	241
	.975	648	800	864	900	922	937	948	957	965
	.99	4,052	5,000	5,403	5,625	5,764	5,859	5,928	5,981	6,022
2	.50	16.241	20,000	21,615	22,500	23,036	23,437	23,715	23,925	24,091
	.90	405,280	500,000	540,380	562,500	576,400	585,940	592,870	598,140	602,280
	.95	0.667	1.00	1.13	1.21	1.25	1.28	1.30	1.32	1.33
	.90	8.53	9.00	9.16	9.24	9.29	9.33	9.35	9.37	9.38
	.95	18.5	19.0	19.2	19.2	19.3	19.3	19.4	19.4	19.4
3	.975	38.5	39.0	39.2	39.2	39.3	39.3	39.4	39.4	39.4
	.99	98.5	99.0	99.2	99.2	99.3	99.3	99.4	99.4	99.4
	.995	199	199	199	199	199	199	199	199	199
	.999	998.5	999.0	999.2	999.2	999.3	999.3	999.4	999.4	999.4
	4	.50	0.585	0.881	1.00	1.06	1.10	1.13	1.15	1.16
.90		5.54	5.46	5.39	5.34	5.31	5.28	5.27	5.25	5.24
.95		10.1	9.55	9.28	9.12	9.01	8.94	8.89	8.85	8.81
.975		17.4	16.0	15.4	15.1	14.9	14.7	14.6	14.5	14.5
.99		34.1	30.8	29.5	28.7	28.2	27.9	27.7	27.5	27.3
5	.995	55.6	49.8	47.5	46.2	45.4	44.8	44.4	44.1	43.9
	.999	167.0	148.5	141.1	137.1	134.6	132.8	131.6	130.6	129.9
	.50	0.549	0.828	0.941	1.00	1.04	1.06	1.08	1.09	1.10
	.90	4.54	4.32	4.19	4.11	4.05	4.01	3.98	3.95	3.94
	.95	7.71	6.94	6.59	6.39	6.26	6.16	6.09	6.04	6.00
6	.975	12.1	10.6	9.98	9.60	9.36	9.20	9.07	8.98	8.90
	.99	21.2	18.0	16.7	16.0	15.5	15.2	15.0	14.8	14.7
	.995	31.3	26.3	24.3	23.2	22.5	22.0	21.6	21.4	21.1
	.999	74.1	61.2	56.2	53.4	51.7	50.5	49.7	49.0	48.5
	7	.50	0.528	0.799	0.907	0.965	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.05
.90		4.06	3.78	3.62	3.52	3.45	3.40	3.37	3.34	3.32
.95		6.61	5.79	5.41	5.19	5.05	4.95	4.88	4.82	4.77
.975		10.0	8.43	7.76	7.39	7.15	6.98	6.85	6.76	6.68
.99		16.3	13.3	12.1	11.4	11.0	10.7	10.5	10.3	10.2
8	.995	22.8	18.3	16.5	15.6	14.9	14.5	14.2	14.0	13.8
	.999	47.2	37.1	33.2	31.1	29.8	28.8	28.2	27.6	27.2
	.50	0.515	0.780	0.886	0.942	0.977	1.00	1.02	1.03	1.04
	.90	3.78	3.46	3.29	3.18	3.11	3.05	3.01	2.98	2.96
	.95	5.99	5.14	4.76	4.53	4.39	4.28	4.21	4.15	4.10
9	.975	8.81	7.26	6.60	6.23	5.99	5.82	5.70	5.60	5.52
	.99	13.7	10.9	9.78	9.15	8.75	8.47	8.26	8.10	7.98
	.995	18.6	14.5	12.9	12.0	11.5	11.1	10.8	10.6	10.4
	.999	35.5	27.0	23.7	21.9	20.8	20.0	19.5	19.0	18.7
	10	.50	0.506	0.767	0.871	0.926	0.960	0.983	1.00	1.01
.90		3.59	3.26	3.07	2.94	2.88	2.83	2.78	2.75	2.72
.95		5.59	4.74	4.35	4.12	3.97	3.87	3.79	3.73	3.68
.975		8.07	6.54	5.89	5.52	5.29	5.12	4.99	4.90	4.82
.99		12.2	9.55	8.45	7.85	7.46	7.19	6.99	6.84	6.72
11	.995	16.2	12.4	10.9	10.1	9.52	9.16	8.89	8.68	8.51
	.999	29.2	21.7	18.8	17.2	16.2	15.5	15.0	14.6	14.3

Table C-5 (Continued) Percentiles of the F Distribution

Den. df	A	Numerator df								
		10	12	15	20	24	30	60	120	∞
1	.50	2.04	2.07	2.09	2.12	2.13	2.15	2.17	2.18	2.20
	.90	60.2	60.7	61.2	61.7	62.0	62.3	62.8	63.1	63.3
	.95	242	244	246	248	249	250	252	253	254
	.975	969	977	985	993	997	1,001	1,010	1,014	1,018
	.99	6,056	6,106	6,157	6,209	6,235	6,261	6,313	6,339	6,366
	.995	24,224	24,426	24,630	24,836	24,940	25,044	25,253	25,359	25,464
.999	605,620	610,670	615,760	620,910	623,500	626,100	631,340	633,970	636,620	
2	.50	1.34	1.36	1.38	1.39	1.40	1.41	1.43	1.43	1.44
	.90	9.39	9.41	9.42	9.44	9.45	9.46	9.47	9.48	9.49
	.95	19.4	19.4	19.4	19.4	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5
	.975	39.4	39.4	39.4	39.4	39.5	39.5	39.5	39.5	39.5
	.99	99.4	99.4	99.4	99.4	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5
	.995	199	199	199	199	199	199	199	199	200
.999	999.4	999.4	999.4	999.4	999.5	999.5	999.5	999.5	999.5	
3	.50	1.18	1.20	1.21	1.23	1.23	1.24	1.25	1.26	1.27
	.90	5.23	5.22	5.20	5.18	5.18	5.17	5.15	5.14	5.13
	.95	8.79	8.74	8.70	8.66	8.64	8.62	8.57	8.55	8.53
	.975	14.4	14.3	14.3	14.2	14.1	14.1	14.0	13.9	13.9
	.99	27.2	27.1	26.9	26.7	26.6	26.5	26.3	26.2	26.1
	.995	43.7	43.4	43.1	42.8	42.6	42.5	42.1	42.0	41.8
.999	129.2	128.3	127.4	126.4	125.9	125.4	124.5	124.0	123.5	
4	.50	1.11	1.13	1.14	1.15	1.16	1.16	1.18	1.18	1.19
	.90	3.92	3.90	3.87	3.84	3.83	3.82	3.79	3.78	3.76
	.95	5.96	5.91	5.86	5.80	5.77	5.75	5.69	5.66	5.63
	.975	8.84	8.75	8.66	8.56	8.51	8.46	8.36	8.31	8.26
	.99	14.5	14.4	14.2	14.0	13.9	13.8	13.7	13.6	13.5
	.995	21.0	20.7	20.4	20.2	20.0	19.9	19.6	19.5	19.3
.999	48.1	47.4	46.8	46.1	45.8	45.4	44.7	44.4	44.1	
5	.50	1.07	1.09	1.10	1.11	1.12	1.12	1.14	1.14	1.15
	.90	3.30	3.27	3.24	3.21	3.19	3.17	3.14	3.12	3.11
	.95	4.74	4.68	4.62	4.56	4.53	4.50	4.43	4.40	4.37
	.975	6.62	6.52	6.43	6.33	6.28	6.23	6.12	6.07	6.02
	.99	10.1	9.89	9.72	9.55	9.47	9.38	9.20	9.11	9.02
	.995	13.6	13.4	13.1	12.9	12.8	12.7	12.4	12.3	12.1
.999	26.9	26.4	25.9	25.4	25.1	24.9	24.3	24.1	23.8	
6	.50	1.05	1.06	1.07	1.08	1.09	1.10	1.11	1.12	1.12
	.90	2.94	2.90	2.87	2.84	2.82	2.80	2.76	2.74	2.72
	.95	4.06	4.00	3.94	3.87	3.84	3.81	3.74	3.70	3.67
	.975	5.46	5.37	5.27	5.17	5.12	5.07	4.96	4.90	4.83
	.99	7.87	7.72	7.56	7.40	7.31	7.23	7.06	6.97	6.88
	.995	10.2	10.0	9.81	9.59	9.47	9.36	9.12	9.00	8.88
.999	18.4	18.0	17.6	17.1	16.9	16.7	16.2	16.0	15.7	
7	.50	1.03	1.04	1.05	1.07	1.07	1.08	1.09	1.10	1.10
	.90	2.70	2.67	2.63	2.59	2.58	2.56	2.51	2.49	2.47
	.95	3.64	3.57	3.51	3.44	3.41	3.38	3.30	3.27	3.23
	.975	4.76	4.67	4.57	4.47	4.42	4.36	4.25	4.20	4.14
	.99	6.82	6.67	6.51	6.36	6.27	6.19	6.02	5.94	5.85
	.995	8.38	8.18	7.97	7.75	7.65	7.53	7.31	7.19	7.08
.999	14.1	13.7	13.3	12.9	12.7	12.5	12.1	11.9	11.7	

Table C-5 (Continued) Percentiles of the F Distribution

Den. df	4	Numerator df								
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
8	.50	0.499	0.757	0.860	0.915	0.948	0.971	0.988	1.00	1.01
	.90	3.46	3.11	2.92	2.81	2.73	2.67	2.62	2.59	2.56
	.95	5.32	4.46	4.07	3.84	3.69	3.58	3.50	3.44	3.39
	.975	7.57	6.06	5.42	5.05	4.82	4.65	4.53	4.43	4.36
	.99	11.3	8.65	7.59	7.01	6.63	6.37	6.18	6.03	5.91
	.995	14.7	11.0	9.60	8.81	8.30	7.95	7.69	7.50	7.34
.999	25.4	18.5	15.8	14.4	13.5	12.9	12.4	12.0	11.8	
9	.50	0.494	0.749	0.852	0.906	0.939	0.962	0.978	0.990	1.00
	.90	3.36	3.01	2.81	2.69	2.61	2.55	2.51	2.47	2.44
	.95	5.12	4.26	3.86	3.63	3.48	3.37	3.29	3.23	3.18
	.975	7.21	5.71	5.08	4.72	4.48	4.32	4.20	4.10	4.03
	.99	10.6	8.02	6.99	6.42	6.06	5.80	5.61	5.47	5.35
	.995	13.6	10.1	8.72	7.96	7.47	7.13	6.88	6.69	6.54
.999	22.9	16.4	13.9	12.6	11.7	11.1	10.7	10.4	10.1	
10	.50	0.490	0.743	0.845	0.899	0.932	0.954	0.971	0.983	0.992
	.90	3.29	2.92	2.73	2.61	2.52	2.46	2.41	2.38	2.35
	.95	4.96	4.10	3.71	3.48	3.33	3.22	3.14	3.07	3.02
	.975	6.94	5.46	4.83	4.47	4.24	4.07	3.95	3.85	3.78
	.99	10.0	7.56	6.55	5.99	5.64	5.39	5.20	5.06	4.94
	.995	12.8	9.43	8.08	7.34	6.87	6.54	6.30	6.12	5.97
.999	21.0	14.9	12.6	11.3	10.5	9.93	9.52	9.20	8.96	
12	.50	0.484	0.735	0.835	0.888	0.921	0.943	0.959	0.972	0.981
	.90	3.18	2.81	2.61	2.48	2.39	2.33	2.28	2.24	2.21
	.95	4.75	3.89	3.49	3.26	3.11	3.00	2.91	2.85	2.80
	.975	6.55	5.10	4.47	4.12	3.89	3.73	3.61	3.51	3.44
	.99	9.33	6.93	5.95	5.41	5.06	4.82	4.64	4.50	4.39
	.995	11.8	8.51	7.23	6.52	6.07	5.76	5.52	5.35	5.20
.999	18.6	13.0	10.8	9.63	8.89	8.38	8.00	7.71	7.48	
15	.50	0.478	0.726	0.826	0.878	0.911	0.933	0.949	0.960	0.970
	.90	3.07	2.70	2.49	2.36	2.27	2.21	2.16	2.12	2.09
	.95	4.54	3.68	3.29	3.06	2.90	2.79	2.71	2.64	2.59
	.975	6.20	4.77	4.15	3.80	3.58	3.41	3.29	3.20	3.12
	.99	8.68	6.36	5.42	4.89	4.56	4.32	4.14	4.00	3.89
	.995	10.8	7.70	6.48	5.80	5.37	5.07	4.85	4.67	4.54
.999	16.6	11.3	9.34	8.25	7.57	7.09	6.74	6.47	6.26	
20	.50	0.472	0.718	0.816	0.868	0.900	0.922	0.938	0.950	0.959
	.90	2.97	2.59	2.38	2.25	2.16	2.09	2.04	2.00	1.96
	.95	4.35	3.49	3.10	2.87	2.71	2.60	2.51	2.45	2.39
	.975	5.87	4.46	3.86	3.51	3.29	3.13	3.01	2.91	2.84
	.99	8.10	5.85	4.94	4.43	4.10	3.87	3.70	3.56	3.46
	.995	9.94	6.99	5.82	5.17	4.76	4.47	4.26	4.09	3.96
.999	14.8	9.93	8.10	7.10	6.46	6.02	5.69	5.44	5.24	
24	.50	0.466	0.714	0.812	0.863	0.895	0.917	0.932	0.944	0.953
	.90	2.93	2.54	2.33	2.19	2.10	2.04	1.98	1.94	1.91
	.95	4.26	3.40	3.01	2.78	2.62	2.51	2.42	2.36	2.30
	.975	5.72	4.32	3.72	3.38	3.15	2.99	2.87	2.78	2.70
	.99	7.82	5.61	4.72	4.22	3.90	3.67	3.50	3.36	3.26
	.995	9.55	6.66	5.52	4.89	4.49	4.20	3.99	3.83	3.69
.999	14.0	9.34	7.53	6.59	5.98	5.55	5.23	4.99	4.80	

Table C-5 (Continued) Percentiles of the F Distribution

Den. df	1	Numerator df								
		10	12	15	20	24	30	60	120	∞
8	.50	1.02	1.03	1.04	1.05	1.06	1.07	1.08	1.08	1.09
	.90	2.54	2.30	2.46	2.42	2.40	2.38	2.34	2.32	2.29
	.95	3.35	3.28	3.22	3.15	3.12	3.08	3.01	2.97	2.93
	.975	4.30	4.20	4.10	4.00	3.95	3.89	3.78	3.73	3.67
	.99	5.81	5.67	5.52	5.36	5.28	5.20	5.03	4.93	4.86
9	.50	1.01	1.02	1.03	1.04	1.05	1.05	1.07	1.07	1.08
	.90	2.42	2.38	2.34	2.30	2.28	2.25	2.21	2.18	2.16
	.95	3.14	3.07	3.01	2.94	2.90	2.86	2.79	2.75	2.71
	.975	3.96	3.87	3.77	3.67	3.61	3.56	3.45	3.39	3.33
	.99	5.26	5.11	4.96	4.81	4.73	4.63	4.48	4.40	4.31
10	.50	1.00	1.01	1.02	1.03	1.04	1.05	1.06	1.06	1.07
	.90	2.32	2.28	2.24	2.20	2.18	2.16	2.11	2.08	2.06
	.95	2.98	2.91	2.84	2.77	2.74	2.70	2.62	2.58	2.54
	.975	3.72	3.62	3.52	3.42	3.37	3.31	3.20	3.14	3.08
	.99	4.85	4.71	4.56	4.41	4.33	4.23	4.08	4.00	3.91
12	.50	0.989	1.00	1.01	1.02	1.03	1.03	1.05	1.05	1.06
	.90	2.19	2.15	2.10	2.06	2.04	2.01	1.96	1.93	1.90
	.95	2.75	2.69	2.62	2.54	2.51	2.47	2.38	2.34	2.30
	.975	3.37	3.28	3.18	3.07	3.02	2.96	2.85	2.79	2.72
	.99	4.30	4.16	4.01	3.86	3.78	3.70	3.54	3.45	3.36
15	.50	0.977	0.989	1.00	1.01	1.02	1.02	1.03	1.04	1.05
	.90	2.06	2.02	1.97	1.92	1.90	1.87	1.82	1.79	1.76
	.95	2.54	2.48	2.40	2.33	2.29	2.25	2.16	2.11	2.07
	.975	3.06	2.96	2.86	2.76	2.70	2.64	2.52	2.46	2.40
	.99	3.80	3.67	3.52	3.37	3.29	3.21	3.03	2.96	2.87
20	.50	0.966	0.977	0.989	1.00	1.01	1.01	1.02	1.03	1.03
	.90	1.94	1.89	1.84	1.79	1.77	1.74	1.68	1.64	1.61
	.95	2.35	2.28	2.20	2.12	2.08	2.04	1.95	1.90	1.84
	.975	2.77	2.68	2.57	2.46	2.41	2.35	2.22	2.16	2.09
	.99	3.37	3.23	3.09	2.94	2.86	2.78	2.61	2.52	2.42
24	.50	0.961	0.972	0.983	0.994	1.00	1.01	1.02	1.02	1.03
	.90	1.88	1.83	1.78	1.73	1.70	1.67	1.61	1.57	1.53
	.95	2.25	2.18	2.11	2.03	1.98	1.94	1.84	1.79	1.73
	.975	2.64	2.54	2.44	2.33	2.27	2.21	2.08	2.01	1.94
	.99	3.17	3.03	2.89	2.74	2.66	2.58	2.40	2.31	2.21

Table C-5 (Continued) Percentiles of the F Distribution

Den. df	1	Numerator df								
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
30	.50	0.466	0.709	0.807	0.858	0.890	0.912	0.927	0.939	0.948
	.90	2.88	2.49	2.28	2.14	2.05	1.98	1.93	1.88	1.85
	.95	4.17	3.32	2.92	2.69	2.53	2.42	2.33	2.27	2.21
	.975	5.57	4.18	3.59	3.25	3.03	2.87	2.75	2.65	2.57
	.99	7.56	5.39	4.31	4.02	3.70	3.47	3.30	3.17	3.07
60	.50	0.461	0.701	0.798	0.849	0.880	0.901	0.917	0.928	0.937
	.90	2.79	2.39	2.18	2.04	1.95	1.87	1.82	1.77	1.74
	.95	4.00	3.15	2.76	2.53	2.37	2.25	2.17	2.10	2.04
	.975	5.29	3.93	3.34	3.01	2.79	2.63	2.51	2.41	2.33
	.99	7.08	4.98	4.13	3.65	3.34	3.12	2.95	2.82	2.72
120	.50	0.458	0.697	0.793	0.844	0.875	0.896	0.912	0.923	0.932
	.90	2.75	2.35	2.13	1.99	1.90	1.82	1.77	1.72	1.68
	.95	3.92	3.07	2.68	2.45	2.29	2.18	2.09	2.02	1.96
	.975	5.15	3.80	3.23	2.89	2.67	2.52	2.39	2.30	2.22
	.99	6.85	4.79	3.95	3.48	3.17	2.96	2.79	2.66	2.56
∞	.50	0.455	0.693	0.789	0.839	0.870	0.891	0.907	0.918	0.927
	.90	2.71	2.30	2.08	1.94	1.85	1.77	1.72	1.67	1.63
	.95	3.84	3.00	2.60	2.37	2.21	2.10	2.01	1.94	1.88
	.975	5.02	3.69	3.12	2.79	2.57	2.41	2.29	2.19	2.11
	.99	6.63	4.61	3.78	3.32	3.02	2.80	2.64	2.51	2.41